Wall Mounted Air-Conditioning Unit

MODELS

NBL4-18IDU32 / NBL4-18ODU32 NBL4-24IDU32 / NBL4-24ODU32

Wall Mounted Air-Conditioning Unit
Service Manual



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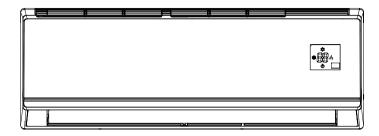
Part | : Technical Information

1. Summary

Indoor Unit

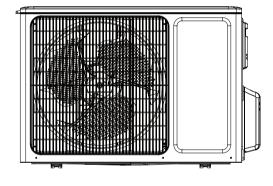
NBL4-18IDU32

NBL4-24IDU32

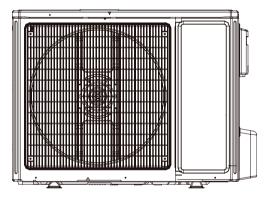


Outdoor Unit

NBL4-18ODU32



NBL4-24ODU32



Remote Controller



2. Specifications 2.1 Specification Sheet

Parameter		Unit	Value	
Model			NBL4-18IDU32	
D	Rated Voltage	V~	220-240	
Power	Rated Frequency	Hz	50	
Supply	Phases		1	
Power Su	pply Mode		Outdoor	
Cooling C	apacity	W	5130	
Heating C	apacity	W	5280	
Cooling P	ower Input	W	1580	
Heating P	ower Input	W	1420	
Cooling C	urrent Input	Α	7.0	
	urrent Input	Α	6.3	
Rated Inp		W	2300	
Rated Cu		Α	10.8	
	/olume(SH/H/M//L/SL)	m³/h	850/720/610/520/-	
	fying Volume	L/h	1.8	
EER	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	W/W	3.25	
COP		W/W	3.72	
SEER		W/W	6.1	
	erage/Warmer/Colder)	W/W	4.0/5.1/3.4	
Applicatio		m ²	23-34	
	Indoor Unit Model		NBL4-18IDU32	
	Fan Type		Cross-flow	
	Fan Diameter Length(DXL)	mm	Ф106X706	
	Cooling Speed(SH/H/M//L/SL)	r/min	1230/1130/1030/800/-	
	Heating Speed(SH/H/M//L/SL)	r/min	1350/1200/1050/900/-	
	Fan Motor Power Output	W	35	
Indoor	Fan Motor RLA	A	0.35	
Unit	Fan Motor Capacitor	μF	2.5	
	Evaporator Form	F.	Aluminum Fin-copper Tube	
	Evaporator Pipe Diameter	mm	Ф7	
	Evaporator Row-fin Gap	mm	2-1.4	
	Evaporator Coil Length (LXDXW)	mm	715X25.4X304.8	
	Swing Motor Model		MP35CJ	
	Swing Motor Power Output	W	2.5	
	Fuse Current	A	3.15	
	Sound Pressure Level(SH/H/M//L/SL)	dB (A)	49/44/39/34/-	
	Sound Power Level(SH/H/M//L/SL)	dB (A)	59/54/49/44/-	
	Dimension (WXHXD)	mm	970X300X224	
	Dimension of Carton Box (LXWXH)	mm	1038X380X305	
	Dimension of Package(LXWXH)	mm	1041X383X320	
	Net Weight	kg	13.5	
	Gross Weight	kg	16.5	
	1	a		

● ● ● ● <u>Technical Information</u> 2

	Outdoor Unit Model		NBL4-18ODU32
	Compressor Model		QXF-B141ZF030A
	Compressor Oil		68DA
	Compressor Type		Rotary
	Compressor LRA.	Α	25
	Compressor RLA	A	6.5
	Compressor RLA Compressor Power Input	W	1410
	Compressor Fower input	VV	1NT11L-6233/KSD115°C /HPC
	Compressor Overload Protector		115/95
	Throttling Method		Electron expansion valve
	Set Temperature Range	°C	16~30
	Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature	_	10 00
	Range	°C	-15~43
	Heating Operation Ambient Temperature	00	45.04
	Range	°C	-15~24
	Condenser Form		Aluminum Fin-copper Tube
	Condenser Pipe Diameter	mm	Ф7.94
	Condenser Rows-fin Gap	mm	2-1.4
	Condenser Coil Length (LXDXW)	mm	742X38.1X550
Outdoor	Fan Motor Speed	rpm	780
Unit	Fan Motor Power Output	W	40
	Fan Motor RLA	Α	0.62
	Fan Motor Capacitor	μF	1
	Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume	m³/h	2400
	Fan Type		Axial-flow
	Fan Diameter	mm	Ф445
	Defrosting Method		Automatic Defrosting
	Climate Type		T1
	Isolation		1
	Moisture Protection		IPX4
	Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure	MPa	4.3
	for the Discharge Side	···· u	
	Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side	MPa	2.5
	Sound Pressure Level (H/M/L)	dB (A)	56/-/-
	Sound Power Level (H/M/L)	dB (A)	64/-/-
	Dimension(WXHXD)	mm	899X596X378
	Dimension of Carton Box (LXWXH)	mm	945X417X630
	Dimension of Package(LXWXH)	mm	948X420X645
	Net Weight	kg	39
	Gross Weight	kg	42
	Refrigerant		R32
	Refrigerant Charge	kg	0.9
	Connection Pipe Length	m	5
	Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge	g/m	16
	Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe	mm	Ф6
Connection	Outer Diameter Gas Pipe	mm	Ф12
Pipe	Max Distance Height	m	10
	Max Distance Length	m	25
	Note: The connection pipe applies metric di	iameter.	

The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

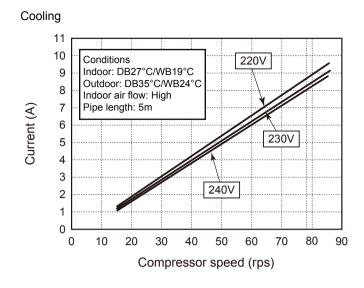
Technical Information • • • • • • • • • • • •

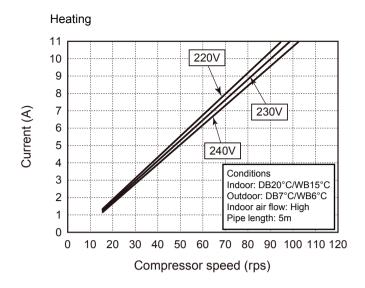
Paramete	r	Unit	Value
Model	Model		NBL4-24IDU32
_	Rated Voltage	V~	220-240
Power	Rated Frequency	Hz	50
Supply	Phases		1
Power Su	pply Mode		Outdoor
Cooling C	apacity	W	6450
Heating C	apacity	W	6450
Cooling P	ower Input	W	1950
Heating P	ower Input	W	1735
Cooling C	urrent Input	Α	8.4
Heating C	urrent Input	A	8.0
Rated Inp	ut	W	3100
Rated Cui	rrent	A	13.04
Air Flow V	/olume(SH/H/M//L/SL)	m³/h	1250/1050/950/850/-
	fying Volume	L/h	2.0
EER		W/W	3.3
COP		W/W	3.71
SEER		W/W	6.30
SCOP(Av	erage/Warmer/Colder)	W/W	4.0/5.1/3.3
Application Area		m ²	23-34
	Indoor Unit Model		NBL4-24IDU32
	Fan Type		Cross-flow
	Fan Diameter Length(DXL)	mm	Ф108Х830
	Cooling Speed(SH/H/M//L/SL)	r/min	1250/1000/900/800/-
	Heating Speed(SH/H/M//L/SL)	r/min	1250/1000/900/850/-
	Fan Motor Power Output	W	35
Indoor	Fan Motor RLA	A	0.35
Unit	Fan Motor Capacitor	μF	3
	Evaporator Form		Aluminum Fin-copper Tube
	Evaporator Pipe Diameter	mm	Ф7
	Evaporator Row-fin Gap	mm	2-1.4
	Evaporator Coil Length (LXDXW)	mm	845X25.4X342.9
	Swing Motor Model		MP35CJ
	Swing Motor Power Output	W	2.5
	Fuse Current	A	3.15
	Sound Pressure Level(SH/H/M//L/SL)	dB (A)	49/44/41/39/-
	Sound Power Level(SH/H/M//L/SL)	dB (A)	63/59/56/53/-
	Dimension (WXHXD)	mm	1078X325X246
	Dimension of Carton Box (LXWXH)	mm	1145X410X335
	Dimension of Package(LXWXH)	mm	1148X413X350
	Net Weight	kg	16.5
	Gross Weight	kg	20
	1		

	Outdoor Unit Model		NDI 4 240DI 122
	Outdoor Unit Model		NBL4-24ODU32
	Compressor Model		QXFS-D23zX090A
	Compressor Oil		FW68DA
	Compressor Type		Rotary
	Compressor LRA.	A	25
	Compressor RLA	Α	11.50
	Compressor Power Input	W	2400
	Compressor Overload Protector		1NT11L-6233 or HPC115/95/ or KSD115°C
	Throttling Method		Electron expansion valve
	Set Temperature Range	°C	16~30
	Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature Range	°C	-15~43
	Heating Operation Ambient Temperature Range	°C	-15~24
	Condenser Form		Aluminum Fin-copper Tube
	Condenser Pipe Diameter	mm	Ф7
	Condenser Rows-fin Gap	mm	2-1.4
	Condenser Coil Length (LXDXW)	mm	935X38.1X660
Outdoor	Fan Motor Speed	rpm	800
Outdoor Unit	Fan Motor Power Output	W	60
Unit	Fan Motor RLA	A	0.58
	Fan Motor Capacitor	μF	0.38
	Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume	μι m³/h	3200
		111 /11	
	Fan Type		Axial-flow
	Fan Diameter	mm	Ф520
	Defrosting Method		Automatic Defrosting
	Climate Type		T1
	Isolation		1
	Moisture Protection		IPX4
	Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Discharge Side	MPa	4.3
	Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side	MPa	2.5
	Sound Pressure Level (H/M/L)	dB (A)	58/-/-
	Sound Power Level (H/M/L)	dB (A)	68/-/-
	Dimension(WXHXD)	mm	963X700X396
	Dimension of Carton Box (LXWXH)	mm	1026X455X735
	Dimension of Package(LXWXH)	mm	1029X458X750
	Net Weight	kg	52.5
	Gross Weight	kg	57
	Refrigerant		R32
	Refrigerant Charge	kg	1.7
	Connection Pipe Length	m	5
	Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge	g/m	50
	Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe	mm	Ф6
Connection	Outer Diameter Gas Pipe	mm	Ф16
Pipe	Max Distance Height	m	10
	Max Distance Length	m	25
	Note: The connection pipe applies metric di		==
	1		

The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

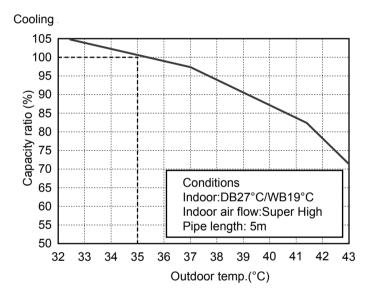
2.2 Operation Characteristic Curve

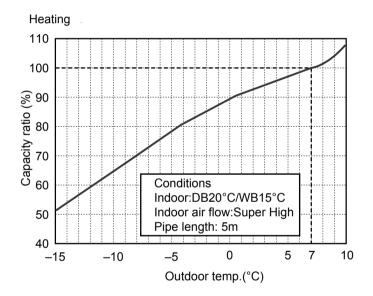




2.3 Capacity Variation Ratio According to Temperature

Heating operation ambient temperature range is -15°C~24°C





2.4 Cooling and Heating Data Sheet in Rated Frequency

Cooling:

condit	cooling ion(°C) /WB)	Model	Pressure of gas pipe connecting indoor and outdoor unit	Inlet and outlet pipe temperature of heat exchanger		Fan speed of indoor unit	Fan speed of outdoor unit	Compressor frequency (Hz)
Indoor	Outdoor		P (MPa)	T1 (°C)	T2 (°C)			(112)
27/19	35/24	18K	0.9 to 1.1	12 to 14	75 to 37	Super High	High	52
21/19	33/24	24K	0.9 (0 1.1	12 (0 14	73 10 37	Super riigir	riigii	72

Heating:

Rated h condition (DB/	` '	Model	Pressure of gas pipe connecting indoor and outdoor unit lemperature of heat exchanger		Fan speed of indoor unit	Fan speed of outdoor unit	Compressor frequency (Hz)	
Indoor	Outdoor		P (MPa)	T1 (°C)	T2 (°C)			(112)
20/-	7/6	18K	2.2 to 2.4	70 to 35	2 to 4	Super High	High	65
20/-	170	24K	2.2 (0 2.4	70 10 33	2104	Superriigii	riigii	77

Instruction:

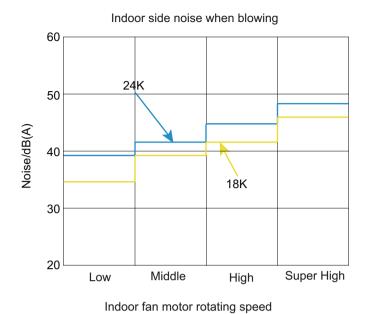
T1: Inlet and outlet pipe temperature of evaporator

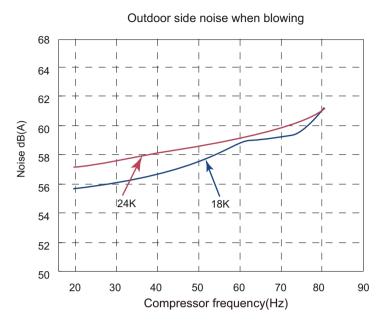
T2: Inlet and outlet pipe temperature of condenser

P: Pressure at the side of big valve

Connection pipe length: 5m.

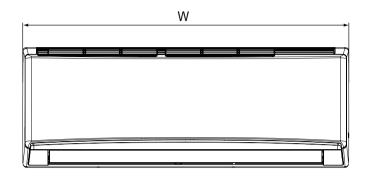
2.5 Noise Curve

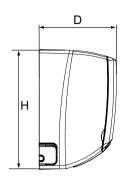


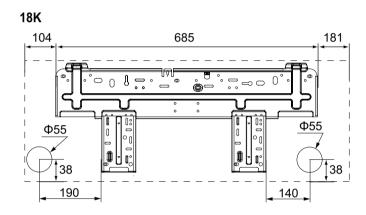


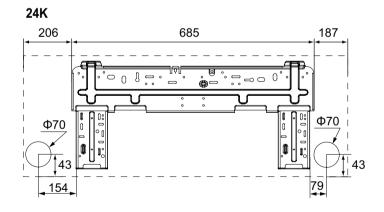
3. Outline Dimension Diagram

3.1 Indoor Unit









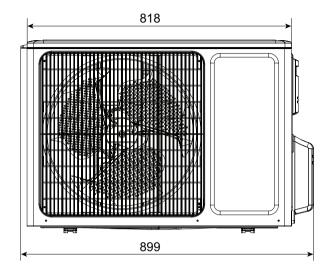
Unit:mm

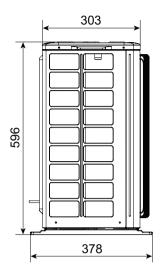
Model	W	Н	D
18K	970	300	224
24K	1078	325	246

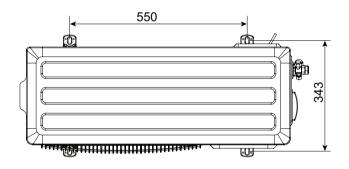
Technical Information • • • • • • • • • • • •

3.2 Outdoor Unit

18K

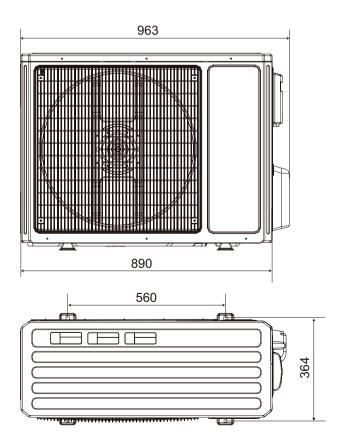


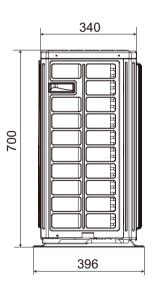




Unit:mm

24K

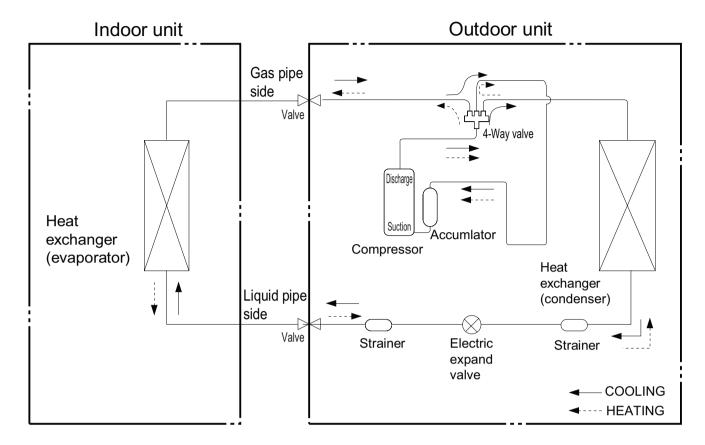




Unit:mm

10 <u>Technical Information</u>

4. Refrigerant System Diagram



Connection pipe specification: Liquid pipe:1/4" (6mm) Gas pipe:1/2" (12mm) 18K

Gas pipe:5/8" (16mm) 24K

5. Electrical Part

5.1 Wiring Diagram

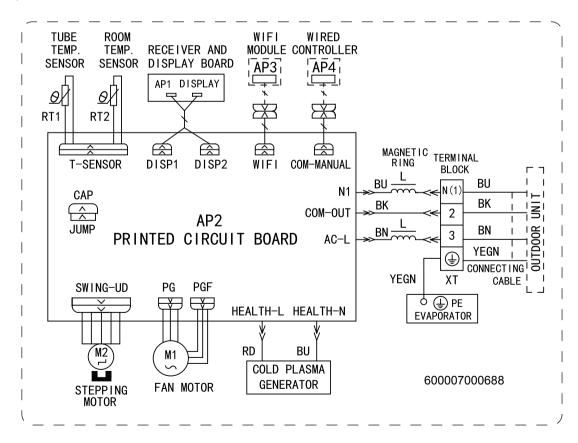
Instruction

Symbol	Symbol Color	Symbol	Symbol Color	Symbol	Name
WH	White	GN	Green	CAP	Jumper cap
YE	Yellow	BN	Brown	COMP	Compressor
RD	Red	BU	Blue		Grounding wire
YEGN	Yellow/Green	ВК	Black	/	1
VT	Violet	OG	Orange	1	1

Note: Jumper cap is used to determine fan speed and the swing angle of horizontal lover for this model.

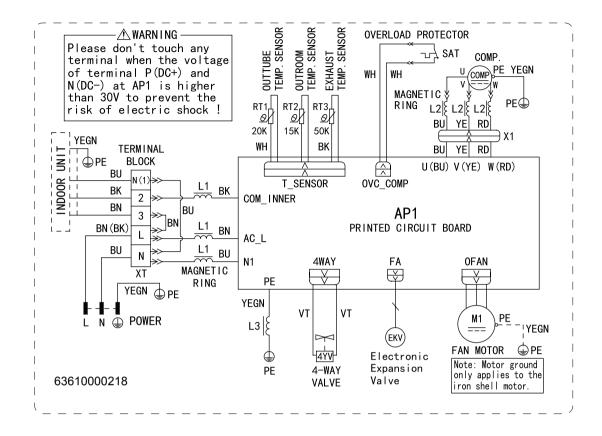
• Indoor Unit

NBL4-18IDU32, NBL4-24IDU32



• Outdoor Unit

NBL4-18ODU32, NBL4-24ODU32

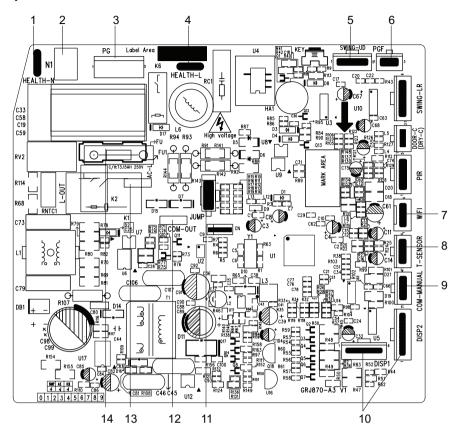


These circuit diagrams are subject to change without notice, please refer to the one supplied with the unit.

5.2 PCB Printed Diagram

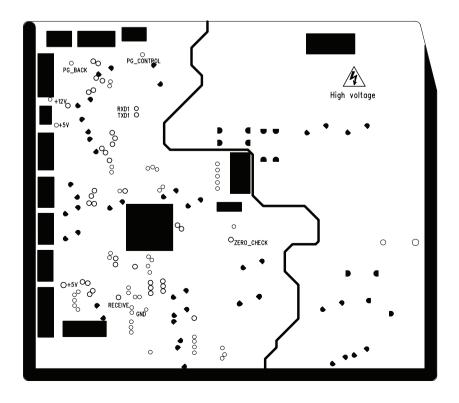
Indoor Unit

• Top view



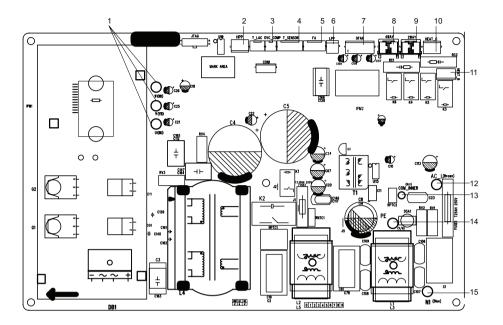
No.	Name
1	Neutral wire interface of cold plasma(only for the mode with this function)
2	Neutral wire interface of power supply
3	Interface of indoor fan
4	Interface of health function live wire
5	Interface of up&down swing motor
6	Interface of PG feedback
7	WIFI
8	Temperature sensor
9	Wired controller
10	Interface of diaplay
11	Jumper cap
12	Communication wire
13	Live wire
14	Fuse

Bottom view



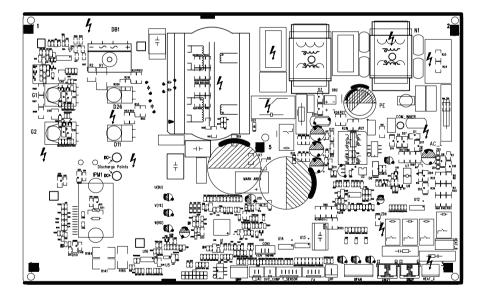
Outdoor Unit

• Top view



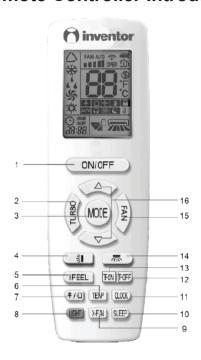
No.	Name
1	Compressor three phase input interface
2	Terminal of system high pressure protection
3	Compressor overload protection terminal
4	Interface of temperature sensor
5	Terminal of electronic expansion valve
6	Terminal for low pressure protection
7	Interface of fan
8	4-way valve terminal
9	2-way valve terminal
10	Terminal of compressor electric heater
11	Terminal of chassis electric heater
12	Live wire
13	Communication wire
14	Grounding wire
15	Neutral wire

Bottom view



6. Function and Control

6.1 Remote Controller Introduction



No.	Button name	Function
1	ON/OFF	Turn on or turn off the unit
2	TURBO	Set turbo function
3	MODE	Set operation mode
4	1	Set up&down swing status
5	I FEEL	Set I FEEL function
6	TEMP	Switch temperature displaying type on the unit's display
7	#10	Set health function and air function
8	LIGHT	Set light function
9	X-FAN	Set X-FAN function
10	SLEEP	Set sleep function
11	CLOCK	Set clock of the system
12	TOFF	Set timer off function
13	TON	Set timer on function
14	示	Set left&right swing status
15	FAN	Set fan speed
16	∆/▽	Set temperature and time

6.2 Preparation before operation

When using the remote controller for the first time or after replacing the batteries, please set the time of the system according to current time in the following steps:

- (1). Pressing CLOCK button, (1) is blinking.
- (2). Pressing Δ or ∇ button, the clock time will increase or decrease rapidly.
- (3). Press CLOCK button again to confirm the time and return to display current time.

6.3 Introduction of operation function

(1). Selecting operation mode

In unit on status, press MODE button to select operation mode in following sequence:



(2). Setting temperature

In unit on status, press Δ button to increase setting temperature and press ∇ button to decrease setting temperature. The range of temperature is from 16°C to 30°C.

Note: Under auto mode, manual adjustment of temperature is not needed.

(3). Adjusting fan speed

In unit on status, press FAN button to adjust fan speed in following sequence:

Notes:

- ①. When operation mode changes, fan speed is memoried;
- ②. Under dry mode, fan speed is low and can not be adjusted.
- (4). Setting swing function
- Setting left&right swing
 - 1). Under simple swing status, press ____ button to adjust left&right swing status;

2). Under fixed-angle swing status, press 🔼 button to adjust left&right swing angle circularly as below:

Note: operate continuously left&right swing in 2 seconds, swing states will change according to above-mentioned order, or switch closed state and state.

- Setting up&down swing
- 1). Under simple swing status, press button to adjust up&down swing status;
- 2). Under fixed-angle swing status, press button to adjust up&down swing angle circularly as below:

Note: operate continuously left&right swing in 2 seconds, swing states will change according to above-mentioned order, or switch closed state and ■0 state

(5). Setting turbo function

Under cool or heat mode, press TURBO button to set turbo function.

When si is displayed, turbo function is on.

When s is not displayed, turbo function is off.

When turbo function is on, the unit operates in super high speed to achieve quick cooling or heating. When turbo function is off, the unit operates in setting fan speed.

(6). Setting light function

The light on the receiver light board will display present operation status. If you want to turn off the light, please press LIGHT button. Press this button again to turn on the light.

(7) Viewing ambient temperature

In unit on status, receiver light board or wired controller is defaulted to display setting temperature. Press TEMP button to view indoor or outdoor ambient temperature.

When $\ \$ is displayed, it means the displayed temperature is setting temperature.

When 1 is displayed, it means the displayed temperature is indoor ambient temperature.

When \bigcap is displayed, it means the displayed temperature is outdoor ambient temperature.

Note: setting temperature is always displayed in Remote Controller.

(8) Setting X-FAN function

In cool or dry mode, press X-FAN button to set X-FAN function.

When so is displayed, X-FAN function is on.

When \Leftrightarrow is not displayed, X-FAN function is off.

When X-FAN function is on, the water on the evaporator will be blown away until turning off the unit to avoid mildew.

(9). Setting health function

In unit on status, press ‡/2 button to set health function.

When **\$\Delta\$** is displayed, health function is on.

When **\$\Delta\$** is not displayed, health function is off.

Health function is available when the unit is equipped with anion generator. When health function is on, the anion generator will start operation, adsorbing the dusts and killing the bacteria in the room.

(10). Setting air function

Press [‡/2] button until [3] is displayed, then air function is turned on.

Press 🚁📵 button until 👔 is disappeared, then air function is turned off.

When the indoor unit is connected with fresh air valve, air function setting can control the connection of fresh air valve, which can control the fresh air volume and improve the air quality inside the room.

(11). Setting sleep function

In unit on status, press SLEEP button to turn on or turn off sleep function.

- ♦ When

 * is displayed, sleep function is on.
- ♦ When is not displayed, sleep function is off.

Notes:

- ①. Sleep function can not be set in auto and fan mode:
- ②. When turning off the unit or switching mode, sleep function is cancelled;
- (12). Setting I FEEL function

In unit on status, press I FEEL button to turn on or turn off I FEEL function.

When 🇯 is displayed, I FEEL function is on.

When \sharp is not displayed, I FEEL function is off.

When I FEEL function is turned on, the unit will adjust temperature according to the temperature detected by the remote controller to achieve the best air-conditioning effect. In this case, you should place the remote controller within the valid receiving range.

(13). Setting timer

You can set the operation time of unit as you need. You can also set timer on and timer off in combination. Before setting, check if the time of the system is the same as the current time. If not, please set the time according to current time.

- 1). Setting timer off
- 1). Pressing TOFF button, "OFF" is blinking and time displaying zone displays the timer time of last setting
- ②. Press \triangle or ∇ button to adjust the timer time.
- 3. Press TOFF button again to confirm setting. OFF is displayed and time displaying zone resumes to display current time.
- 4. Press TOFF button again to cancel timer and OFF is not displayed.
 - 2). Setting timer on
- ①. Pressing TON button, "ON" is blinking and time displaying zone displays the timer time of last setting.
- ②. Press \triangle or ∇ button to adjust the timer time.
- 3. Press TON button again to confirm setting. ON is displayed and time displaying zone resumes to display current time.
- 4. Press TON button again to cancel timer and ON is not displayed.

6.4 Introduction of special functions

(1). Setting child lock

Press Δ and ∇ button simultaneously to lock the buttons on remote controller and \blacksquare is displayed.

Press Δ and ∇ button simultaneously again to unlock the buttons on remote controller and is not displayed.

If the buttons are locked, 🖶 blinks 3 times when pressing the button and any operation on the button is invalid.

(2). Switching temperature scale

In unit off status, press MODE button and ∇ button simultaneously to switch temperature scale between °C and °F.

(3). Setting energy-saving function

In unit on status and under cool mode, press CLOCK and TEMP button simultaneously to enter energy-saving mode.

- ♦ When **\(\frac{1}{2} \)** is displayed, energy-saving function is on.
- ♦ When **\(\frac{1}{2} \)** is not displayed, energy-saving function is off.

If you want to turn off the energy-saving function, press CLOCK and TEMP button and 5£ is not displayed.

Note: energy-saving function is only available in cooling mode and it will be exited when switching mode or setting sleep function.

(4). Absence function

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In unit on status and under heat mode, press CLOCK and TEMP button simultaneously to enter absence function. Temperature displaying zone displays 8 and (\$\sigma\$) is displayed.

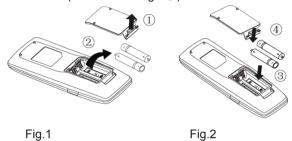
Press CLOCK and TEMP button simultaneously again to exit absence function.

Temperature displaying zone resumes previous display and is not displayed.

In winter, absence function can keep the indoor ambient temperature above 0°C to avoid freezing.

Note: Absence function is only available in heating mode and it will be exited when switching mode or setting sleep function.

- (1). Lift the cover along the direction of arrow (as shown in Fig 11).
- (2). Take out the original batteries (as shown in Fig 12).
- (3). Place two 7# (AAA 1.5V) dry batteries, and make sure the position of "+" polar and "-" polar is correct (as shown in Fig 2 ③).
- (4). Reinstall the cover (as shown in Fig 24).



Notes:

- ①. The remote controller should be placed 1m away from the TV set or stereo sound sets.
- ②. The operation of remote controller should be performed within its receiving range.
- ③. If you need to control the main unit, please point the remote controller at the signal receiving window of the main unit to improve the receiving sensibility of main unit.
- 4. When the remote controller is sending signal, " icon will be blinking for 1 second. When the main unit receives valid remote control signal, it will give out a sound
- ⑤. If the remote controller does not operate normally, please take the batteries out and reinsert them after 30 seconds. If it still can't operate properly, replace the batteries.
- 6. When replacing the batteries, do not use old or different types of batteries, otherwise, it may cause malfunction.
- ②. When you won't use the remote controller for a long time, please take out the batteries.

6.4 Brief Description of Modes and Functions

1.Basic function of system

(1)Cooling mode

- (1) Under this mode, fan and swing operates at setting status. Temperature setting range is 16~30°C.
- (2) During malfunction of outdoor unit or the unit is stopped because of protection, indoor unit keeps original operation status.

(2)Drying mode

- (1) Under this mode, fan operates at low speed and swing operates at setting status. Temperature setting range is 16~30°C.
- (2) During malfunction of outdoor unit or the unit is stopped because of protection, indoor unit keeps original operation status.
- (3) Protection status is same as that under cooling mode.
- (4) Sleep function is not available for drying mode.

(3)Heating mode

- (1) Under this mode, Temperature setting range is 16~30°C.
- (2) Working condition and process for heating mode:

When turn on the unit under heating mode, indoor unit enters into cold air prevention status. When the unit is stopped or at OFF status, and indoor unit has been started up just now, the unit enters into residual heat-blowing status.

(4)Working method for AUTO mode:

- 1. Working condition and process for AUTO mode:
- a.Under AUTO mode, standard heating Tpreset=20°C and standard cooling Tpreset=25°C. The unit will switch mode automatically according to ambient temperature.
- 2.Protection function
- a. During cooling operation, protection function is same as that under cooling mode.
- b. During heating operation, protection function is same as that under heating mode.
- 3. Display: Set temperature is the set value under each condition. Ambient temperature is (Tamb.-Tcompensation) for heat pump unit and Tamb. for cooling only unit.
- 4. If theres I feel function, Tcompensation is 0. Others are same as above.

(5)Fan mode

Under this mode, indoor fan operates at set fan speed. Compressor, outdoor fan, 4-way valve and electric heating tube stop operation. Indoor fan can select to operate at high, medium, low or auto fan speed. Temperature setting range is 16~30°C.

2. Other control

(1) Buzzer

Upon energization or availably operating the unit or remote controller, the buzzer will give out a beep.

(2) Auto button

If press this auto button when turning off the unit, the complete unit will operate at auto mode. Indoor fan operates at auto fan speed and swing function is turned on. Press this auto button at ON status to turn off the unit.

(3) Auto fan

Heating mode: During auto heating mode or normal heating ode, auto fan speed will adjust the fan speed automatically according to ambient temperature and set temperature.

(4) Sleep

After setting sleep function for a period of time, system will adjust set temperature automatically.

(5) Timer function:

General timer and clock timer functions are compatible by equipping remote controller with different functions.

(6) Memory function

memorize compensation temperature, off-peak energization value.

Memory content: mode, up&down swing, light, set temperature, set fan speed, general timer (clock timer cant be memorized).

After power recovery, the unit will be turned on automatically according to memory content.

(7) Health function

During operation of indoor fan, set health function by remote controller. Turn off the unit will also turn off health function.

Turn on the unit by pressing auto button, and the health is defaulted ON.

(8)I feel control mode

After controller received I feel control signal and ambient temperature sent by remote controller, controller will work according to the ambient temperature sent by remote controller.

(9)Compulsory defrosting function

(1) Start up compulsory defrosting function

Under ON status, set heating mode with remote controller and adjust the temperature to 16°C. Press "+, -, +, -, button successively within 5s and the complete unit will enter into compulsory defrosting status. Meanwhile, heating indicator on indoor unit will ON 10s and OFF 0.5s successively. (Note: If complete unit has malfunction or stops operation due to protection, compulsory defrosting function can be started up after malfunction or protection is resumed.

(2) Exit compulsory defrosting mode

After compulsory defrosting is started up, the complete unit will exit defrosting operation according to the actual defrosting result, and the complete unit will resume normal heating operation.

(10)Refrigerant recovery function:

(1) Enter refrigerant recycling function

Within 5min after energizing (unit ON or OFF status is ok), continuously press LIGHT button for 3 times within 3s to enter refrigerant recycling mode; Fo is displayed and refrigerant recycling function is started. At this moment, the maintenance people closes liquid valve. After 5min, stick the thimble of maintenance valve with a tool. If there is no refrigerant spraying out, close the gas valve immediately and then turn off the unit to remove the connection pipe.

(2) Exit refrigerant recycling function

After entering refrigerant recycling mode, when receive any remote control signal or enter refrigerant recycling mode for 25min, the unit will exit refrigerant recycling mode automatically If the unit is in standby mode before refrigerant recycling, it will be still in standby mode after finishing refrigerant recycling; if the unit is in ON status before refrigerant recycling, it will still run in original operation mode.

(11)Ambient temperature display control mode

- 1. When user set the remote controller to display set temperature (corresponding remote control code: 01), current set temperature will be displayed.
- 2. Only when remote control signal is switched to indoor ambient temperature display status (corresponding remote control code: 10) from other display status (corresponding remote control code: 00, 01,11),controller will display indoor ambient temperature for 3s and then turn back to display set temperature.

Under this mode, indoor fan operates at set fan speed. Compressor, outdoor fan, 4-way valve and electric heating tube stop operation. Indoor fan can select to operate at high, medium, low or auto fan speed. Temperature setting range is 16~30°C.

(12)Off-peak energization function:

Adjust compressors minimum stop time. The original minimum stop time is 180s and then we change to:

The time interval between two start-ups of compressor cant be less than 180+T s(0≤T≤15). T is the variable of controller. Thats to say the minimum stop time of compressor is 180s~195s. Read-in T into memory chip when refurbish the memory chip each time. After power recovery, compressor can only be started up after 180+T s at least.

(13) SE control mode

The unit operates at SE status.

(14) X-fan mode

When X-fan function is turned on, after turn off the unit, indoor fan will still operate at low speed for 2min and then the complete unit will be turned off. When x-fan function is turned off, after turn off the unit, the complete unit will be turned off directly.

(15) 8°C heating function

Under heating mode, you can set 8°C heating function by remote controller. The system will operate at 8°C set temperature.

(16) Turbo fan control function

Set turbo function under cooling or heating mode to enter into turbo fan speed. Press fan speed button to cancel turbo wind.

No turbo function under auto, dry or fan mode.

Outdoor Units

1. Input Parameter Compensation and Calibration

(1) Check the ambient temperature compensation function Indoor ambient temperature compensation function.

- a. In cooling mode, the indoor ambient temperature participating in computing control = (Tindoor ambient temperature \triangle Tooling indoor ambient temperature compensation)
- b. In heating mode, the indoor ambient temperature participating in computing control= (Tindoor ambient temperature − ∠ Theating indoor ambient temperature compensation)

(2) Check effective judgment controls of parameters

Effective judgment function of the outdoor exhaust temperature thermo-bulb When conditions a and b are satisfied, the outdoor exhaust temperature thermo-bulb is judged not to be connected into place, the mainboard of outer units will display failure of the outdoor exhaust temperature thermo-bulb (not connected into place), stop the machine for repairing, and resume the machine by remote controls of ON/OFF.

a. Judgment of exhaust detection temperature change:

After the compressor starts up and runs for 10 minutes, if the compressor frequency $f \ge 40$ Hz, and the rising value Texhaust (Texhaust (after start-up for 10 minutes) - Texhaust (before start-up)) < 2° C, the outdoor exhaust temperature thermo-bulb can be judged not to be connected into place (judging once when the power is on the first time).

b. Comparative judgment of exhaust detection temperature and condenser detection temperature (Tpipe temperature = Toutdoor pipe temperature in cooling mode, Tpipe temperature = Tindoor pipe temperature in heating mode): After the compressor starts up and runs for 10 minutes, if the compressor frequency f ≥ 40Hz, and Tpipe temperature ≥(Texhaust+3), the outdoor exhaust temperature thermobulb can be judged not to be connected into place (judging once when power is on the first time).

2. Basic Functions

(1) Cooling Mode

1. Conditions and processes of cooling operation:

- (1) If the compressor is shut down, and $[T_{\text{set up}} (T_{\text{indoor ambient temperature}} \triangle T_{\text{cooling indoor ambient temperature compensation})] \le 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$, start up the machine for cooling, the cooling operation will start;
- (2) During operations of cooling, if $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq [T_{\text{set up}} (T_{\text{indoor ambient temperature}} \triangle T_{\text{cooling indoor ambient temperature compensation})}] < 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, the cooling operation will be still running;
- (3) During operations of cooling, if $2^{\circ}C \leq [T_{\text{set up}} (T_{\text{indoor ambient temperature}} \triangle T_{\text{cooling indoor ambient temperature compensation}})]$, the cooling operation will stop after reaching the temperature point.

2. Temperature setting range

- (1) If Toutdoor ambient temperature ≥ [Tlow-temperature cooling temperature], the temperature can be set at: 16~30°C (Cooling at room temperature);
- (2) If Toutdoor ambient temperature < [Tlow-temperature cooling temperature], the temperature can be set at: 25~30°C (Cooling at low temperature), that is, the minimum setting temperature for outer units judgment is 25°C.

(2) Dehumidifying Mode

- 1. Conditions and processes of dehumidifying operations: Same as the cooling mode;
- 2. The temperature setting range is: $16\sim30^{\circ}C$;

(3) Air-supplying Mode

- 1. The compressor, outdoor fans and four-way valves are switched off;
- 2. The temperature setting range is: 16~30°C.

(4) Heating Mode

- 1. Conditions and processes of heating operations: (Tindoor ambient temperature is the actual detection temperature of indoor environment thermo-bulb, Theating indoor ambient temperature compensation is the indoor ambient temperature compensation during heating operations)
- (1) If the compressor is shut down, and [(Tindoor ambient temperature \triangle Theating indoor ambient temperature compensation) —Tset up] $\leq 0.5^{\circ}$ C, start the machine to enter into heating operations for heating;
- (2) During operations of heating, if $0^{\circ}C \leq [(T_{indoor\ ambient\ temperature} \triangle]$ Theating indoor ambient temperature compensation) -Tset up] < $2^{\circ}C$, the heating operation will be still running;
- (3) During operations of heating, if $2^{\circ}C \leq [(Tindoor\ ambient\ temperature\ -\ \triangle\ Theating\ indoor\ ambient\ temperature\ compensation)\ -Tset\ up]$, the heating operation will stop after reaching the temperature point.
- 2. The temperature setting range in this mode is: 16~30°C.

3. Special Functions

Defrosting Control

1 Conditions for starting defrosting

After the time for defrosting is judged to be satisfied, if the temperature for defrosting is satisfied after detections for continuous 3minutes, the defrosting operation will start.

2 Conditions of finishing defrosting

The defrosting operation can exit when any of the conditions below is satisfied:

- ③ Toutdoor pipe temperature ≥ (Toutdoor ambient temperature [Ttemperature 1 of finishing defrosting];
- ④ The continuous running time of defrosting reaches [tmax. defrosting time].

4. Control Logic

(1) Compressor Control

Start the compressor after starting cooling, heating, dehumidifying operations, and the outer fans start for 5s; When the machine is shutdown, in safety stops and when switching to air-supplying mode, the compressor will stop immediately. In all modes: once the compressor starts up, it will not be allowed to stop until having run for the [tmin. compressor running time] (Note: including cases of shutdown when the temperature point is reached; except the cases requiring stopping the compressor such as fault protection, remote shutdown, mode switching etc.); In all modes: once the compressor stops, it will be allowed be restart after 3-minute delay (Note: The indoor units have a function of power memory, the machine can be restarted after remote shutdown and powering up again without delay).

1. Cooling mode

Start the machine to enter into cooling operation for cooling, the compressor is switched on.

2. Dehumidifying mode

Same as the cooling mode.

3. Air-supplying mode

The compressor is switched off.

4. Heating mode

- (1) Start the machine to enter into heating operation for heating, the compressor is switched on.
- (2) Defrosting:
- a. Defrosting starts: the compressor is shut down, and restarts it after 55-second delay.
- b. Defrosting ends: the compressor stops, then starts it after 55-second delay.

(2) Outer Fans Control

Notes:

Only the outer fans run for at least 80s in each air flow speed can the air flow be switched;

After the outer fans run compulsively in high speed for 80s when the machine starts up, control the air flow according to the logic.

After remote shutdown, safety stops, and when the machine stops after reaching the temperature point, as well as after the compressor stops, extend 1 minute, the outer fans will stop (During the period in the 1 minute, the air flow of outer fans can be changed according to the outdoor ambient temperature changes); When running with force, the outdoor fans shall run in the highest air flow.

(3) 4-way valve control

- 1. The 4-way valve control under the modes of Cooling, dehumidification and supplying air: closing;
- 2. The status of 4-way valve control under the heating mode: getting power;
- (1) 4-way valve power control under heating mode

Starts the machine under heating mode, the 4-way valve will get power immediately.

- (2) 4-way valve power turn-off control under heating mode
- a. When you should turn off the power or switch to other mode under heating mode, the power of 4-way valve will be cut after 2 minutes of the compressor stopped.
- b. When all kinds of protection stops, the power of 4-way valve will be cut after delaying 4 minutes.
- (3) Defrosting control under heating mode:
- a. Defrosting begins: The power of 4-way valve will be cut after 50s of entering into the defrosting compressor.
- b. Defrosting stops: The 4-way valve will get power after 50s of exiting the defrosting compressor.

(4) Evaporator frozen-preventing protection function

At the mode of Cooling, dehumidifying:

Evaporator frozen-preventing protection function is allowed to begin after 6 min of starting the compressor.

1. Starting estimation:

After the compressor stopped working for 180s, if Tinner pipe>[Tfrozen-preventing frequency-limited temperature (the temperature of hysteresis is 2)], the machine is only allowed to start for operating, otherwise it should not be started, and should be stopped to treat according to the frozen-preventing protection: Clear the trouble under the mode of power turn-off / heating, and the protection times are not counted.

2. Frequency limited

[Tfrozen-preventing normal speed frequency-reducing temperature]≤Tinner pipe[Tfrozen-preventing frequency-limited temperature] , you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

3. Reducing frequency at normal speed:

If [Tfrozen-preventing high speed frequency-reducing temperature] \(\) Tinner pipe [Tfrozen-preventing normal speed frequency-reducing temperature], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 8Hz/90s till the lower limit;

4. Reducing frequency at high speed:

If [Tfrozen-preventing power turn-off temperature] < T inner pipe [Tfrozen-preventing high speed frequency-reducing temperature] you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 30Hz/90s till the lower limit;

5. Power turn-off:

If the Tinner pipe <[Tfrozen-preventing power turn-off temperature], then frozen-preventing protect to stop the machine; If T[frozen-preventing frequency-limited temperature] <Tinner pipe , and the compressor has stopped working for 3 minutes, the whole machine should be allowed to operate.

6. If the frozen-preventing protection power turn-off continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume if the fault keeps on. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the t evaporator frozen-preventing protection times zero clearing time, the times of frozen-preventing power turn-off should be cleared to recount. The mode of stopping the machine or transferring to supply air will clear the trouble times immediately (if the trouble can not be resumed, mode transferring will not clear it).

(5) Overload protection function

Overload protection function at the mode of cooling and dehumidifying

1. Starting estimation:

After the compressor stopped working for 180s, if Touter pipe <[TCooling overload frequency-limited temperature] (the temperature of hysteresis is 2°C), the machine is allowed to start, otherwise it should not be started, and should be stopped to treat according to the overload protection: Clear the trouble at the mode of power turn-off / heating, and the protection times are not counted.

2. Frequency limited

If [TCooling overload frequency-limited temperature] ≤Touter pipe [TCooling overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed], you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

3. Reducing frequency at normal speed and power turn-off:

If [TCooling overload frequency reducing temperature at high speed] ≤Touter pipe< [TCooling overload power turn-off temperature], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 8Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if [TCooling overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed]≤Touter pipe, then Cooling overload protects machine stopping;

4. Reducing frequency at high speed and stop machine:

If [Tooling overload frequency reducing temperature at high speed] < Touter pipe [Tooling overload power turn-off temperature], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 30Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if [Tooling overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed] < [Touter pipe], then Cooling overload protects machine stopping;

5. Power turn-off:

If the [Tcooling overload power turn-off temperature] < Touter pipe, then Cooling overload protects machine stopping; If [Touter pipe] < [Tcooling overload frequency-limited temperature] and the compressor has been stopped working for 3 minutes, the machine should be allowed to operate.

6. If the Cooling overload protection power turn-off continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume if the fault keeps on. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the t overload protection times zero clearing time, the times of overload protection power turn-off should be cleared to recount. The mode of stopping the machine or transferring to supply air will clear the trouble times immediately (if the trouble can not be resumed, transferring mode will not clear it).

Overload protection function at the mode of heating

Starting estimation:

After the compressor stopped working for 180s, if T inner pipe T heating overload frequency-limited temperature (the temperature of hysteresis is 2), the machine is allowed to start, otherwise it should not be started, and should be stopped to treat according to the overload protection:

Clear the trouble at the mode of power turn-off / heating, and the protection times are not counted.

1. Frequency limited

If [Theating overload frequency-limited temperature] \(\) Tinner pipe \(\) [Theating overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed] , you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

2. Reducing frequency at normal speed and stopping machine:

If T[heating overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed]≤Tinner pipe<[Theating overload frequency reducing temperature at high speed], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 8Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if T heating overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed ≤Tinner pipe, then overload protects machine stopping;

3. Reducing frequency at high speed and power turn-off:

If [Theating overload frequency reducing temperature at high speed]≤Tinner pipe<[Theating overload power turn-off temperature], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 30Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if T heating overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed ≤T outer pipe, then Cooling overload protects machine stopping;

4. Power turn-off:

If the [Theating overload power turn-off temperature] ≤Tinner pipe, then overload protects machine stopping; If T inner pipe T heating overload frequency-limited temperature and the compressor has been stopped working for 3 minutes, the machine should be allowed to operate.

5. If the overload protection power turn-off continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume if the fault keeps on. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the t overload protection times zero clearing time, the times of overload protection power turn-off should be cleared to recount. The mode of stopping the machine or transferring to supply air will clear the trouble times immediately (if the trouble can not be resumed, transferring mode will not clear it). Protective function for discharge temperature of compressor

1. Starting estimation:

After the compressor stopped working for 180s, if TDischarge TDischarge limited temperature (the temperature of hysteresis is 2°C), the machine is allowed to start, otherwise it should not be started, and should be stopped to treat according to the discharge temperature:

The machine should be stopped or transferred to supply air, the trouble should be cleared immediately, and the protection times are not counted

2. Frequency limited

If [TLimited frequency temperature during discharging] ≤TDischarge<[Tfrequency reducing temperature at normal speed during discharging], you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

3. Reducing frequency at normal speed and stopping machine:

If [Tfrequency reducing temperature at normal speed during discharging] <TDischarge<[Tfrequency reducing temperature at high speed during discharging], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 8Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if [Tfrequency reducing temperature at normal speed during discharging] <TDischarge, you should discharge to protect machine stopping;

4. Reducing frequency at high speed and power turn-off:

If [Tfrequency reducing temperature at high speed during discharging]

TDischarge <[TStop temperature during discharging], you should adjust

the compressor frequency by reducing 30Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if [Tfrequency reducing temperature at normal speed during discharging] STDischarge, you should discharge to protect machine stopping;

5. Power turn-off:

If the [TPower turn-off temperature during discharging] ≤TDischarge, you should discharge to protect machine stopping; If [TDischarge]<[TLimited frequency temperature during discharging] and the compressor has been stopped for 3 minutes, the machine should be allowed to operate.

6. If the discharging temperature protection of compressor continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the t Protection times clearing of discharge, the discharge protection is cleared to recount. Stopped or transferred to supply air mode will clear the trouble times immediately (if the trouble can not be resumed, mode transferring also will not clear it).

7. Frequency limited

If [ILimited frequency when overcurrent] ≤IAC Electric current <[I frequency reducing when overcurrent], you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

8. Reducing frequency:

If [IFrequency reducing when overcurrent] \leq [IAC Electric current I Power turn-off when overcurrent], you should reduce the compressor frequency till the lower limit or exit the frequency reducing condition;

9. Power turn-off:

If [IPower turn-off machine when overcurrent] ≤ [IAC Electric current], you should carry out the overcurrent stopping protection; If I AC Electric current< [T Limited frequency when overcurrent] and the compressor has been stopped for 3 minutes, the machine should be allowed to operate.

10. If the overcurrent protection continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the [t Protection times clearing of over current], the discharge protection is cleared to recount.

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(6)Voltage sag protection

After start the compressor, if the time of DC link Voltage sag [U_{Sagging protection voltage}] is measured to be less than t Voltage sag protection time, the machine should be stop at once, hand on the voltage sag trouble, reboot automatically after 30 minutes.

(7)Communication fault

When you have not received any correct signal from the inner machine in three minutes, the machine will stop for communication fault. When you have not received any correct signal from driver IC (aim to the controller for the separating of main control IC and driver IC), and the machine will stop for communication fault. If the communication is resumed, the machine will be allowed to operate.

(8)Module protection

Testing the module protective signal immediately after started, once the module protective signal is measured, stop the machine with module protection immediately. If the module protection is resumed, the machine will be allowed to operate. If the module protection continuously occurs for three times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. If the running time of compressor exceeds the [t Protection times clearing of module], the module protection is cleared to recount.

(9)Module overheating protection

1. Starting estimation:

After the compressor stopped working for 180s, if $T_{Module} < [T_{Module frequency limited temperature}]$ (the temperature of hysteresis is 2), the machine is allowed to start, otherwise it should not be started, and should be stopped to treat according to the module overheating protection: The machine should be stopped or transferred to supply air, the trouble should be cleared immediately, and the protection times are not counted.

2. Frequency limited

 $If \ [T_{Limited \ frequency \ temperature \ of \ module}] \le T_{Module} < [T_{frequency \ reducing \ temperature \ at \ normal \ speed \ of \ module}], \ you \ should \ limit \ the \ frequency \ raising \ of \ compressor.$

3. Reducing frequency at normal speed and power turn-off:

If $[T_{frequency\ reducing\ temperature\ at\ normal\ speed\ of\ module}] \le T_{Module} < [T_{frequency\ reducing\ temperature\ at\ high\ speed\ of\ module}]$, you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 8Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if $[T_{frequency\ reducing\ temperature\ at\ normal\ speed\ of\ module}] \le T_{Module}$, you should stop the machine for module overheating protection;

4. Reducing frequency at high speed and power turn-off:

If $[T_{\text{frequency reducing temperature at high speed of module}}] \le T_{\text{Module}} < [T_{\text{Power turn-off temperature of module}}]$ you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 30Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if $[T_{\text{frequency reducing temperature at normal speed of module}}] \le T_{\text{Module}}$, you should stop the machine for module overheating protection;

5. Power turn-off:

If the $[T_{Power turn-off temperature of module}] \le T_{Module}$, you should stop the machine for module overheating protection; If $T_{Module} < [T_{Limited frequency temperature of module}]$ and the compressor has been stopped for 3 minutes, the machine should be allowed to operate.

6. If protection continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the [t Protection times clearing of module], the discharge protection is cleared to recount. Stopped or transferred to supply air mode will clear the trouble times immediately (if the trouble can not be resumed, mode transferring also will not clear it).

(10)Compressor overloads protection

If you measure the compressor overload switch action in 3s, the compressor should be stopped for overloading. The machine should be allowed to operate after overload protection was measured to resume. If the overloading protection continuously occurs for three times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. The protection times of compressor is allowed to clear after the compressor run [t Protection times clearing of compressor overloading] 30 minutes.

(11)Phase current overcurrent protection of compressor

During the running process of compressor, you could measure the phase current of the compressor, and control it according to the following steps:

1. Frequency limited

 $If \ [I_{\text{Limited frequency phase current}}] \le [I_{\text{Phase current T frequency reducing phase current}}] \ , \ you \ should \ limit \ the \ frequency \ raising \ of \ compressor.$

2. Reducing Frequency

If [I Frequency Reducing Phase Current] I Phase Current [I Phase Current], the compressor shall continue to reduce frequency till the lowest frequency limit or out of the condition of reducing frequency;

3. Power turn-off

- If [I Phase Current] \geq [I Power Turn-Off Phase Current], the compressor phase current shall stop working for overcurrent protection; if [I Phase Current] \leq [I Phase Current], and the compressor have stopped working for 3 min, the machine shall be allowed to operate;
- 4. If the overcurrent protection of compressor phase current continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the [t Clearing Time of Compressor Phase Current Times], the overcurrent protection is cleared to recount.

(12) Starting-up Failure Protection for Compressor

Stop the compressor after its starting-up fails, restart it after 20s if the fault doesnt shows, and if they are all failing for the successive start 3 times, it shall be reported as Starting-up Failure, and then restart up it after 3 min. When it still not be able to operate through carry out the above process for 5 times, it is available if press ON/OFF. And the compressor should be cleared the times after it run 2 min.

(13) Out-of-Step Protection for Compressor

The out-of-step protection signal should be detected immediately after starting-up compressor, and once find the out-of-step protection signal, the out-of-step protection shall be stopped; if it can run for lasting power turn-off 3 min, the machine shall be allowed to operate. If it still cant run automatically when the out-of-step protection for compressor happens to stop working for 6 times in succession, it needs to press ON/OFF to operate. And if the running time is more than 10 min, the power turn-off times for out-of-step protection shall be cleared and recounted.

(14) Voltage Abnormity Protection for DC Bus

To detect voltage abnormity protection for dc bus after completing the pre-charge:

1. Over-High Voltage Protection for DC Bus:

If it found the DCbus voltage U_{DC} >[U_{DC} Jiekuangchun Protection], turn off PFC and stop the compressor at once, and it shall show the DC over-high voltage failure; it should clear out the failure when the voltage dropped to U_{DC} <[U_{DC} Jiekuangchun Recover.] and the compressor stopped for 3 min.

2.Over-Low Voltage Protection for DC Bus:

If it found the DC bus voltage $U_{DC} < [U_{DC \ Wantuochun \ Protection}]$, turn off PFC and stop the compressor at once, and it shall show the DC over-low voltage; and it should clear out the failure when the voltage raised to $U_{DC} > [U_{DC \ Wantuochun \ Recover,}]$ and the compressor stopped for 3 min.

3.To detect voltage abnormity protect for DC bus when getting electricity:

If it found the DC bus voltage $U_{DC}>[U_{DC-Over-High\ Voltage}]$, turn off the relay at once, and shows voltage abnormity failure for DC Bus. And the failure cant recover except to break off and get the electricity.

(15)Abnormity Protection for Four-way Valve

Under the model of heating operation in good condition: the compressor is detected [T_{Inner Tube}<(T_{Inner Tube}<(T_{Inner Ring}-T _{Abnormity Temperature Difference For Four-Way Valve Reversion})], during the running, it should be regarded as four-way valve reversion abnormity. And then it can run if stop the reversion abnormity protection for four-way valve 3 min; and if it still cant run when the reversion abnormity protection for four-way valve happens to stop working for 3 times in succession, it is available if presses ON/OFF.

Attention: the protection shall be shielded during the testing mode and defrosting process, and it shall be cleared out the failure and its times immediately when turning off or delivering wind / cooling / dehumidifying mode conversed (the inverted mode dont clear out the failure when it cant recover to operate).

(16) PFC Protection

- 1. After start up the PFC, it should detect the protection signal of PFC immediately; under the condition of PFC protection, it should turn off the PFC and compressor at one time;
- 2. It shows the failure is cleared out if PFC Protection stopped working 3 min and recovers to run automatically;
- 3. If it still cant run when it occurs PFC protection for 3 times in succession, it is available if presses ON/OFF; and clear the PFC Protection times when start up PFC for 10min.

(17) Failure Detection for Sensor

- 1. Outdoor Ambient Sensor: detect the failure of sensor at all times.
- 2. Outdoor Tube Sensor: You should not detect the failure of outdoor tube sensor within 10 minutes heating operation compressor except the defrosting, and you could detect it at other time.
- 3. Outdoor Exhaust Sensor:
- (a) The compressor only detect the sensor failure after it start up 3 min in normal mode;
- (b) It should detect the exhaust sensor failure immediately in the testing mode.
- 4. Module Temperature Sensor:
- (a) Short-Circuit Detection: the compressor should be detected immediately when the module temperature sensor occurs short-circuits;
- (b) Open-Circuit Detection: the compressor should be detected on open-circuit when it runs 3min (it neednt 30s avoiding the module overheated).
- (c) Detect the sensor failure at all times in the testing mode.
- 5. Disposal for Sensor Protection
- (1) When the short-circuit of sensor is detected within 30s, It is regarded as the temperature of sensor over-high (or infinitely high), and now according to the over-high sensor, the machine should carry out the corresponding protection to stop working, and show the corresponding temperature shutdown protection and sensor failure at the same time (for example: the compressor stops immediately when the outdoor tube sensor short-circuit, and the machine shall show the overload protection and outdoor tube sensor failure).
- (2) When the open-circuit of sensor is detected within 30s, The protection shall be stopped and it shall show the corresponding sensor failure.

- 6. Electric Heating Function of Chassis
- (1) When T_{outdoor amb.}≤0°C, the electric heating of chassis will operate;
- (2) When T_{outdoor amb.} > 2°C, the electric heating of chassis will stop operation;
- (3)When $0^{\circ}C < T_{\text{outdoor amb.}} \le 2^{\circ}C$, the electric heating of chassis will keep original status.
- 7. Electric Heating Function of Compressor
- (1) When T_{outdoor amb.} ≤-5°C, compressor stops operation, while the electric heating of compressor starts operation;
- (2) When $T_{outdoor\,amb.}$ >-2°C, the electric heating of compressor stops operation;
- (3) When -5°C<T $_{outdoor\ amb.}$ <-2°C, the electric heating of compressor will keep original status.

Part | : Installation and Maintenance

7. Notes for Installation and Maintenance

Safety Precautions: Important!

Please read the safety precautions carefully before installation and maintenance.

The following contents are very important for installation and maintenance.

Please follow the instructions below.

- •The installation or maintenance must accord with the instructions.
- Comply with all national electrical codes and local electrical codes.
- Pay attention to the warnings and cautions in this manual.
- All installation and maintenance shall be performed by distributor or qualified person.
- •All electric work must be performed by a licensed technician according to local regulations and the instructions given in this manual.
- •Be caution during installation and maintenance. Prohibit incorrect operation to prevent electric shock, casualty and other accidents.



Warnings

Electrical Safety Precautions:

- 1. Cut off the power supply of air conditioner before checking and maintenance.
- 2. The air condition must apply specialized circuit and prohibit share the same circuit with other appliances.
- 3. The air conditioner should be installed in suitable location and ensure the power plug is touchable.
- 4. Make sure each wiring terminal is connected firmly during installation and maintenance.
- 5. Have the unit adequately grounded. The grounding wire cant be used for other purposes.
- 6. Must apply protective accessories such as protective boards, cable-cross loop and wire clip.
- 7. The live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of power supply must be corresponding to the live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of the air conditioner.
- 8. The power cord and power connection wires cant be pressed by hard objects.
- 9. If power cord or connection wire is broken, it must be replaced by a qualified person.

- 10. If the power cord or connection wire is not long enough, please get the specialized power cord or connection wire from the manufacture or distributor. Prohibit prolong the wire by yourself.
- 11. For the air conditioner without plug, an air switch must be installed in the circuit. The air switch should be all-pole parting and the contact parting distance should be more than 3mm.
- 12. Make sure all wires and pipes are connected properly and the valves are opened before energizing.
- 13. Check if there is electric leakage on the unit body. If yes, please eliminate the electric leakage.
- 14. Replace the fuse with a new one of the same specification if it is burnt down; dont replace it with a cooper wire or conducting wire.
- 15. If the unit is to be installed in a humid place, the circuit breaker must be installed.

Installation Safety Precautions:

- 1. Select the installation location according to the requirement of this manual.(See the requirements in installation part)
- 2. Handle unit transportation with care; the unit should not be carried by only one person if it is more than 20kg.
- 3. When installing the indoor unit and outdoor unit, a sufficient fixing bolt must be installed; make sure the installation support is firm.
- 4. Ware safety belt if the height of working is above 2m.
- 5. Use equipped components or appointed components during installation.
- 6. Make sure no foreign objects are left in the unit after finishing installation.

Refrigerant Safety Precautions:

- 1. Avoid contact between refrigerant and fire as it generates poisonous gas; Prohibit prolong the connection pipe by welding.
- 2. Apply specified refrigerant only. Never have it mixed with any other refrigerant. Never have air remain in the refrigerant line as it may lead to rupture or other hazards.
- 3. Make sure no refrigerant gas is leaking out when installation is completed.
- 4. If there is refrigerant leakage, please take sufficient measure to minimize the density of refrigerant.
- 5. Never touch the refrigerant piping or compressor without wearing glove to avoid scald or frostbite.

Improper installation may lead to fire hazard, explosion, electric shock or injury.

Safety Precautions for Installing and Relocating the Unit:

To ensure safety, please be mindful of the following precautions.



Warnings

1. When installing or relocating the unit, be sure to keep the refrigerant circuit free from air or substances other than the specified refrigerant.

Any presence of air or other foreign substance in the refrigerant circuit will cause system pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

2. When installing or moving this unit, do not charge the refrigerant which is not comply with that on the nameplate or unqualified refrigerant.

Otherwise, it may cause abnormal operation, wrong action, mechanical malfunction or even series safety accident.

3. When refrigerant needs to be recovered during relocating or repairing the unit, be sure that the unit is running in cooling mode. Then, fully close the valve at high pressure side (liquid valve). About 30-40 seconds later, fully close the valve at low pressure side (gas valve), immediately stop the unit and disconnect power. Please note that the time for refrigerant recovery should not exceed 1 minute.

If refrigerant recovery takes too much time, air may be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

4. During refrigerant recovery, make sure that liquid valve and gas valve are fully closed and power is disconnected before detaching the connection pipe.

If compressor starts running when stop valve is open and connection pipe is not yet connected, air will be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

5. When installing the unit, make sure that connection pipe is securely connected before the compressor starts running.

If compressor starts running when stop valve is open and connection pipe is not yet connected, air will be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

6.Prohibit installing the unit at the place where there may be leaked corrosive gas or flammable gas.

If there leaked gas around the unit, it may cause explosion and other accidents.

7.Do not use extension cords for electrical connections. If the electric wire is not long enough, please contact a local service center authorized and ask for a proper electric wire.

Poor connections may lead to electric shock or fire.

8.Use the specified types of wires for electrical connections between the indoor and outdoor units. Firmly clamp the wires so that their terminals receive no external stresses.

Electric wires with insufficient capacity, wrong wire connections and insecure wire terminals may cause electric shock or fire.

Safety Precautions for Refrigerant

- •To realize the function of the air conditioner unit, a special refrigerant circulates in the system. The used refrigerant is the fluoride R32,which is specially cleaned. The refrigerant is flammable and inodorous. Furthermore, it can leads to explosion under certain conditions. But the flammability of the refrigerant is very low. It can be ignited only by fire.
- •Compared to common refrigerants, R32 is a nonpolluting refrigerant with no harm to the ozonosphere. The influence upon the greenhouse effect is also lower. R32 has got very good thermodynamic features which lead to a really high energy efficiency. The units therefore need a less filling.

WARNING:

•Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacture. Should repair be necessary, contact your nearest authorized Service Centre. Any repairs carried out by unqualified personnel may be dangerous. The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources. (for example:open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.)

- •Do not pierce or burn.
- •Appliance shall be installed, operated and stored in a room with a floor area larger than 4m (or 6m).
- •Appliance filled with flammable gas R32. For repairs, strictly follow manufacturers instructions only.Be aware that refrigrants not contain odour.
- •Read specialists manual.









Installation and Maintenance

Safety Operation of Flammable Refrigerant

Qualification requirement for installation and maintenance man

- •All the work men who are engaging in the refrigeration system should bear the valid certification awarded by the authoritative organization and the qualification for dealing with the refrigeration system recognized by this industry. If it needs other technician to maintain and repair the appliance, they should be supervised by the person who bears the qualification for using the flammable refrigerant.
- •It can only be repaired by the method suggested by the equipments manufacturer.

Installation notes

- •The air conditioner is not allowed to use in a room that has running fire (such as fire source,working coal gas ware, operating heater).
- •It is not allowed to drill hole or burn the connection pipe.
- •The air conditioner must be installed in a room that is larger than the minimum room area.

The minimum room area is shown on the nameplate or following table a.

Leak test is a must after installation.

table a - Minimum room area(m²)



Maintenance notes

- •Check whether the maintenance area or the room area meet the requirement of the nameplate.
- Its only allowed to be operated in the rooms that meet the requirement of the nameplate.
- Check whether the maintenance area is well-ventilated.
- The continuous ventilation status should be kept during the operation process.
- Check whether there is fire source or potential fire source in the maintenance area.
- The naked flame is prohibited in the maintenance area; and the "no smoking" warning board should be hanged.
- •Check whether the appliance mark is in good condition.
- Replace the vague or damaged warning mark.

Welding

- •If you should cut or weld the refrigerant system pipes in the process of maintaining, please follow the steps as below:
- a. Shut down the unit and cut power supply
- b. Eliminate the refrigerant
- c. Vacuuming
- d. Clean it with N2 gas
- e. Cutting or welding
- f. Carry back to the service spot for welding
- •Make sure that there isnt any naked flame near the outlet of the vacuum pump and its well-ventilated.
- •The refrigerant should be recycled into the specialized storage tank.

Filling the refrigerant

- •Use the refrigerant filling appliances specialized for R32. Make sure that different kinds of refrigerant wont contaminate with each other.
- •The refrigerant tank should be kept upright at the time of filling refrigerant.
- •Stick the label on the system after filling is finished (or havent finished).
- Dont overfilling.
- After filling is finished, please do the leakage detection before test running; another time of leak detection should be done
 when its removed.

Safety instructions for transportation and storage

- •Please use the flammable gas detector to check before unload and open the container.
- •No fire source and smoking.
- According to the local rules and laws.

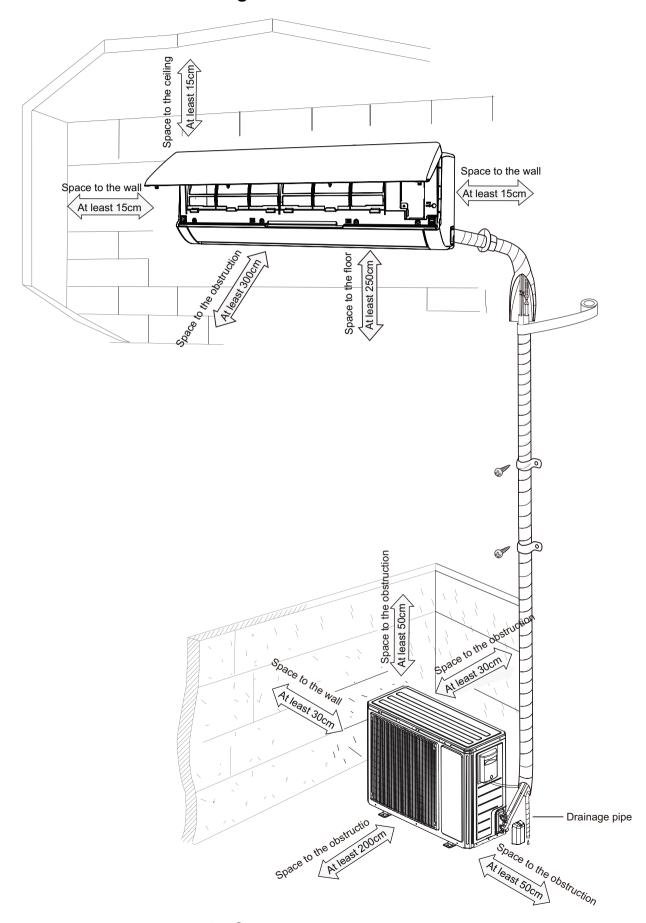
Main Tools for Installation and Maintenance



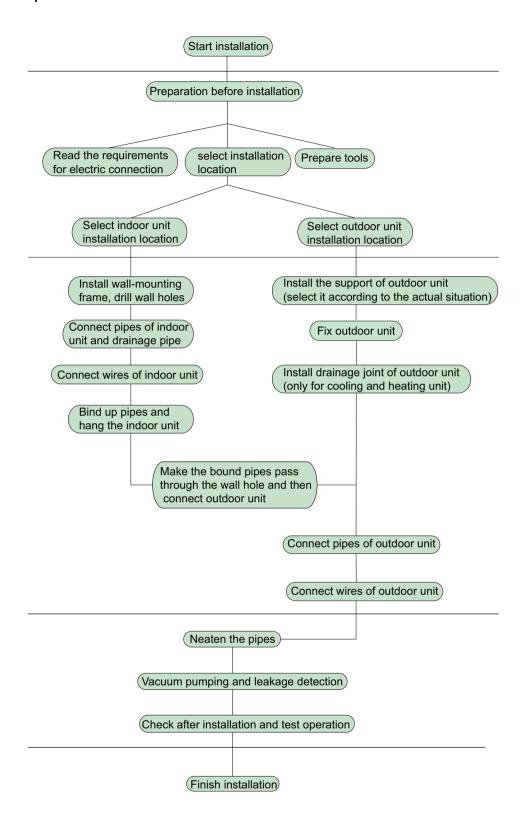
32 Installation and Maintenance

8. Installation

8.1 Installation Dimension Diagram



Installation procedures



Note: this flow is only for reference; please find the more detailed installation steps in this section.

8.2 Installation Parts-checking

No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Indoor unit	8	Sealing gum
2	Outdoor unit	9	Wrapping tape
3	0	10	Support of outdoor
3	3 Connection pipe 10		unit
4	Drainage pipe	11	Fixing screw
5	Wall-mounting	12	Drainage plug(cooling
3	frame	12	and heating unit)
6	Connecting	13	Owners manual,
	cable(power cord)		remote controller
7	Wall pipe		

⚠ Note:

- 1.Please contact the local agent for installation.
- 2.Dont use unqualified power cord.

8.3 Selection of Installation Location

1. Basic Requirement:

Installing the unit in the following places may cause malfunction. If it is unavoidable, please consult the local dealer:

- (1) The place with strong heat sources, vapors, flammable or explosive gas, or volatile objects spread in the air.
- (2) The place with high-frequency devices (such as welding machine, medical equipment).
- (3) The place near coast area.
- (4) The place with oil or fumes in the air.
- (5) The place with sulfureted gas.
- (6) Other places with special circumstances.
- (7) The appliance shall nost be installed in the laundry.

2. Indoor Unit:

- (1) There should be no obstruction near air inlet and air outlet.
- (2) Select a location where the condensation water can be dispersed easily andwont affect other people.
- (3) Select a location which is convenient to connect the outdoor unit and near the power socket.
- (4) Select a location which is out of reach for children.
- (5) The location should be able to withstand the weight of indoor unit and wont increase noise and vibration.
- (6) The appliance must be installed 2.5m above floor.
- (7) Dont install the indoor unit right above the electric appliance.
- (8) Please try your best to keep way from fluorescent lamp.

3. Outdoor Unit:

- (1) Select a location where the noise and outflow air emitted by the outdoor unit will not affect neighborhood.
- (2) The location should be well ventilated and dry, in which the outdoor unit wont be exposed directly to sunlight or strong wind.
- (3) The location should be able to withstand the weight of outdoor unit.
- (4) Make sure that the installation follows the requirement of installation dimension diagram.
- (5) Select a location which is out of reach for children and far away from animals or plants. If it is unavoidable, please add fence for safety purpose.

8.4 Requirements for electric connection

1. Safety Precaution

- (1) Must follow the electric safety regulations when installing the unit.
- (2) According to the local safety regulations, use qualified power supply circuit and air switch.
- (3) Make sure the power supply matches with the requirement of air conditioner. Unstable power supply or incorrect wiring may result in electric shock, fire hazard or malfunction. Please install proper power supply cables before using the air conditioner.

Air-conditioner	Air switch capacity
18K/24K	16A

- (4) Properly connect the live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of power socket.
- (5) Be sure to cut off the power supply before proceeding any work related to electricity and safety.
- (6) Do not put through the power before finishing installation.
- (7) If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.
- (8) The temperature of refrigerant circuit will be high, please keep the interconnection cable away from the copper tube.
- (9) The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.
- (10) Appliance shall be installed, operated and stored in a room with a floor area larger than 4m.



Please notice that the unit is filled with flammable gas R32. Inappropriate treatment of the unit involves the risk of severe damages of people and material. Details to this refrigerant are found in chapter "refrigerant".

2. Grounding Requirement:

- (1) The air conditioner is first class electric appliance. It must be properly grounding with specialized grounding device by a professional. Please make sure it is always grounded effectively, otherwise it may cause electric shock.
- (2) The yellow-green wire in air conditioner is grounding wire, which cant be used for other purposes.
- (3) The grounding resistance should comply with national electric safety regulations.
- (4) The appliance must be positioned so that the plug is accessible.
- (5) An all-pole disconnection switch having a contact separation of at least 3mm in all poles should be connected in fixed wiring.
- (6) Including an air switch with suitable capacity, please note the following table. Air switch should be included magnet buckle and heating buckle function, it can protect the circuit-short and overload. (Caution: please do not use the fuse only for protect the circuit)

8.5 Installation of Indoor Unit

1. Choosing Installation location

Recommend the installation location to the client and then confirm it with the client.

2. Install Wall-mounting Frame

(1) Hang the wall-mounting frame on the wall; adjust it in horizontal position with the level meter and then point out the

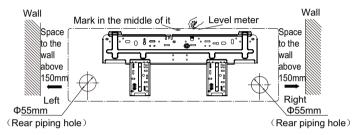
screw fixing holes on the wall.

- (2) Drill the screw fixing holes on the wall with impact drill (the specification of drill head should be the same as the plastic expansion particle) and then fill the plastic expansion particles in the holes.
- (3) Fix the wall-mounting frame on the wall with tapping screws (ST4.2X25TA) and then check if the frame is firmly installed by pulling the frame. If the plastic expansion particle is loose, please drill another fixing hole nearby.

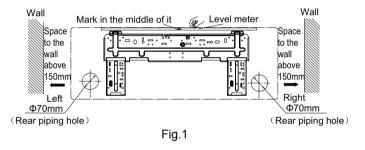
3. Install Wall-mounting Frame

(1) Choose the position of piping hole according to the direction of outlet pipe. The position of piping hole should be a little lower than the wall-mounted frame.(As show in Fig.1)

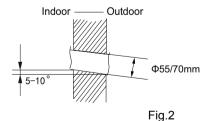
18K:



24K:



(2) Open a piping hole with the diameter of Φ 55(70)mm on the selected outlet pipe position.In order to drain smoothly, slant the piping hole on the wall slightly downward to the outdoor side with the gradient of 5-10°.(As show in Fig.2)

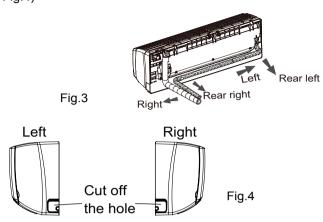


⚠ Note:

- (1) Pay attention to dust prevention and take relevant safety measures when opening the hole.
- (2) The plastic expansion particles are not provided and should be bought locally.

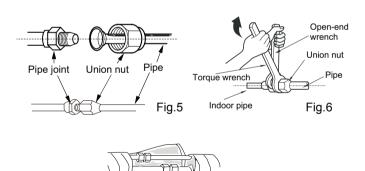
4. Outlet Pipe

- (1) The pipe can be led out in the direction of right, rear right, left or rear left.(As show in Fig.3)
- (2) When selecting leading out the pipe from left or right, please cut off the corresponding hole on the bottom case.(As show in Fig.4)



5. Connect the Pipe of Indoor Unit

- (1) Aim the pipe joint at the corresponding bellmouth.(As show in Fig.5)
- (2) Pretightening the union nut with hand.
- (3) Adjust the torque force by referring to the following sheet. Place the open-end wrench on the pipe joint and place the torque wrench on the union nut. Tighten the union nut with torque wrench.(As show in Fig.6)
- (4) Wrap the indoor pipe and joint of connection pipe with insulating pipe, and then wrap it with tape.(As show in Fig.7)



Refer to the following table for wrench moment of force:

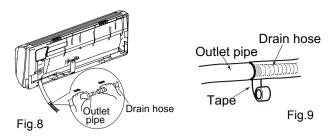
Hex nut diameter(mm)	Tightening torque(N·m)
Ф6	15~20
Ф9.52	30~40
Ф12	45~55
Ф16	60~65
Ф19	70~75

Fig.7

Insulating pipe

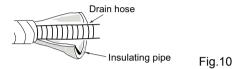
6. Install Drain Hose

- (1) Connect the drain hose to the outlet pipe of indoor unit.(As show in Fig.8)
- (2) Bind the joint with tape.(As show in Fig.9)



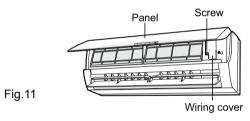
⚠ Note:

- (1) Add insulating pipe in the indoor drain hose in order to prevent condensation.
- (2) The plastic expansion particles are not provided. (As show in Fig.10)



7. Connect Wire of Indoor Unit

(1) Open the panel, remove the screw on the wiring cover and then take down the cover.(As show in Fig.11)



(2) Make the power connection wire go through the cable-cross hole at the back of indoor unit and then pull it out from the front side.(As show in Fig.12)

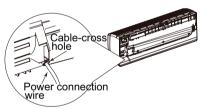


Fig.12

(3) Remove the wire clip; connect the power connection wire to the wiring terminal according to the color; tighten the screw and then fix the power connection wire with wire clip.(As show in Fig.13)

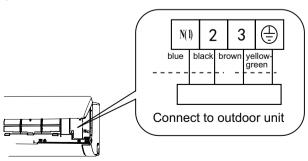


Fig.13

Note: The wiring connect is for reference only, please refer to the actual one.

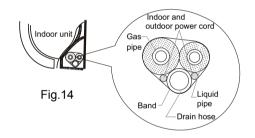
- (4) Put wiring cover back and then tighten the screw.
- (5) Close the panel.

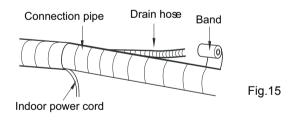
Note: Note:

- (1) All wires of indoor unit and outdoor unit should be connected by a professional.
- (2) If the length of power connection wire is insufficient, please contact the supplier for a new one. Avoid extending the wire by yourself.
- (3) For the air conditioner with plug, the plug should be reachable after finishing installation.
- (4) For the air conditioner without plug, an air switch must be installed in the line. The air switch should be all-pole parting and the contact parting distance should be more than 3mm.

8. Bind up Pipe

- (1) Bind up the connection pipe, power cord and drain hose with the band.(As show in Fig.14)
- (2) Reserve a certain length of drain hose and power cord for installation when binding them. When binding to a certain degree, separate the indoor power and then separate the drain hose.(As show in Fig.15)
- (3) Bind them evenly.
- (4) The liquid pipe and gas pipe should be bound separately at the end.



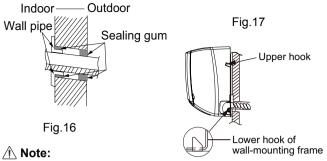


⚠ Note:

- (1) The power cord and control wire cant be crossed or winding.
- (2) The drain hose should be bound at the bottom.

9. Hang the Indoor Unit

- (1) Put the bound pipes in the wall pipe and then make them pass through the wall hole.
- (2) Hang the indoor unit on the wall-mounting frame.
- (3) Stuff the gap between pipes and wall hole with sealing gum.
- (4) Fix the wall pipe.(As show in Fig.16)
- (5) Check if the indoor unit is installed firmly and closed to the wall.(As show in Fig.17)



Do not bend the drain hose too excessively in order to prevent blocking.

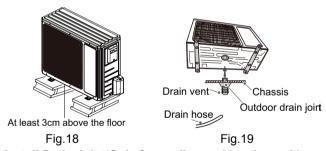
8.6 Installation of Outdoor Unit

1. Fix the Support of Outdoor Unit(Select it according to the actual installation situation)

- (1) Select installation location according to the house structure.
- (2) Fix the support of outdoor unit on the selected location with expansion screws.

∕i\ Note:

- (1) Take sufficient protective measures when installing the outdoor unit.
- (2) Make sure the support can withstand at least four times the unit weight.
- (3) The outdoor unit should be installed at least 3cm above the floor in order to install drain joint.(As show in Fig.18)
- (4) For the unit with cooling capacity of 2300W~5000W, 6 expansion screws are needed; for the unit with cooling capacity of 6000W~8000W, 8 expansion screws are needed; for the unit with cooling capacity of 10000W~16000W, 10 expansion screws are needed.



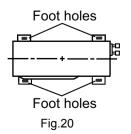
2. Install Drain Joint(Only for cooling and heating unit)

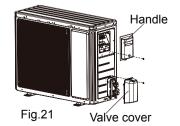
- (1) Connect the outdoor drain joint into the hole on the chassis.
- (2) Connect the drain hose into the drain vent. (As show in Fig.19)

3. Fix Outdoor Unit

- (1) Place the outdoor unit on the support.
- (2) Fix the foot holes of outdoor unit with bolts.

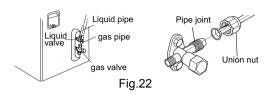
(As show in Fig.20)





4. Connect Indoor and Outdoor Pipes

- (1) Remove the screw on the handle and valve cover of outdoor unit and then remove the handle and valve cover.(As show in Fig.21)
- (2) Remove the screw cap of valve and aim the pipe joint at the bellmouth of pipe.(As show in Fig.22)



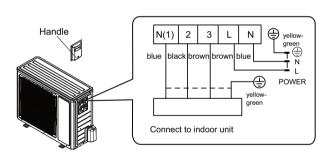
- (3) Pretightening the union nut with hand.
- (4) Tighten the union nut with torque wrench.

Refer to the following table for wrench moment of force:

Hex nut diameter(mm)	Tightening torque(N⋅m)
Ф6	15~20
Ф9.52	30~40
Ф12	45~55
Ф16	60~65
Ф19	70~75

5. Connect Outdoor Electric Wire

(1) Remove the wire clip; connect the power connection wire and power card to the wiring terminal according to the color; fix them with screws.(As show in Fig.23)



Note: the wiring connect is for reference only, please refer to the actual one.

Fig.23

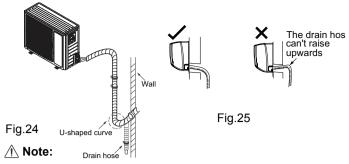
(2) Fix the power connection wire with wire clip.

⚠ Note:

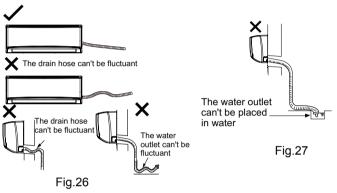
- (1) After tightening the screw, pull the power cord slightly to check if it is firm.
- (2) Never cut the power connection wire to prolong or shorten the distance.

6. Neaten the Pipes

- (1) The pipes should be placed along the wall, bent reasonably and hidden possibly. Min. semidiameter of bending the pipe is 10cm.
- (2) If the outdoor unit is higher than the wall hole, you must set a U-shaped curve in the pipe before pipe goes into the room, in order to prevent rain from getting into the room.(As show in Fig.24)



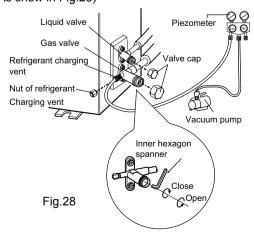
- (1) The through-wall height of drain hose shouldnt be higher than the outlet pipe hole of indoor unit.(As show in Fig.25)
- (2) Slant the drain hose slightly downwards. The drain hose cant be curved, raised and fluctuant, etc.(As show in Fig.26)
- (3) The water outlet cant be placed in water in order to drain smoothly.(As show in Fig.27)



8.7 Vacuum Pumping and Leak Detection

1. Use Vacuum Pump

- (1) Remove the valve caps on the liquid valve and gas valve and the nut of refrigerant charging vent.
- (2) Connect the charging hose of piezometer to the refrigerant charging vent of gas valve and then connect the other charging hose to the vacuum pump.
- (3) Open the piezometer completely and operate for 10-15min to check if the pressure of piezometer remains in -0.1MPa.
- (4) Close the vacuum pump and maintain this status for 1-2min to check if the pressure of piezometer remains in -0.1MPa. If the pressure decreases, there may be leakage.
- (5) Remove the piezometer, open the valve core of liquid valve and gas valve completely with inner hexagon spanner.
- (6) Tighten the screw caps of valves and refrigerant charging vent.(As show in Fig.28)



2. Leakage Detection

(1) With leakage detector:

Check if there is leakage with leakage detector.

(2) With soap water:

If leakage detector is not available, please use soap water for leakage detection. Apply soap water at the suspected position and keep the soap water for more than 3min. If there are air bubbles coming out of this position, theres a leakage.

8.8 Check after Installation and Test Operation

1. Check after Installation

Check according to the following requirement after finishing installation.

NO.	Items to be checked	Possible malfunction	
1	Has the unit been	The unit may drop, shake or	
'	installed firmly?	emit noise.	
2	Have you done the	It may cause insufficient cooling	
4	refrigerant leakage test?	(heating) capacity.	
3	Is heat insulation of	It may cause condensation and	
	pipeline sufficient?	water dripping.	
4	Is water drained well?	It may cause condensation and	
	is water drained weir:	water dripping.	
	Is the voltage of power		
5	supply according to the	It may cause malfunction or	
3	voltage marked on the	damage the parts.	
	nameplate?		
	Is electric wiring and	It may cause malfunction or	
6	pipeline installed	damage the parts.	
	correctly?	damage the parts.	
7	Is the unit grounded	It may cause electric leakage.	
<u></u>	securely?	it may dadde cicotiie icanage.	
8	Does the power cord	It may cause malfunction or	
L	follow the specification?	damage the parts.	
9	Is there any obstruction	It may cause insufficient cooling	
	in air inlet and air outlet?	(heating) capacity.	
	The dust and		
10	sundries caused	It may cause malfunction or	
'	during installation are	damaging the parts.	
	removed?		
	The gas valve and liquid	It may cause insufficient cooling	
11	valve of connection pipe	(heating) capacity.	
	are open completely?		
	Is the inlet and outlet of	It may cause insufficient cooling	
12	piping hole	(heating) capacity or waster	
	been covered?	eletricity.	

2. Test Operation

- (1) Preparation of test operation
- The client approves the air conditioner installation.
- Specify the important notes for air conditioner to the client.
- (2) Method of test operation
- Put through the power, press ON/OFF button on the remote controller to start operation.
- Press MODE button to select AUTO, COOL, DRY, FAN and HEAT to check whether the operation is normal or not.
- \bullet If the ambient temperature is lower than 16 $^\circ\!\mathbb{C}$, the air conditioner cant start cooling.

9. Maintenance

9.1 Malfunction Display of Indoor Unit

1. Malfunction display requirement

When there are several malfunctions, they will be displayed circularly.

2. Malfunction display method

- (1) Hardware malfunction: immediate display; refer to "malfunction display table";
- (2) Operation state: immediate display; refer to "malfunction display table";
- (3) Other malfunctions: it is displayed after the compressor stops for 200s; refer to "malfunction display table".

Note: when the compressor is restarted, the malfunction display delay time (200s) is cleared.

(4) When the unit is under limit frequency or frequency drop state, the display can be controlled via remote controller.

3. Display control via remote controller

Enter display control: press light button successively for 6 times within 3s to display the corresponding malfunction code;

Exit display control: pressing light button successively for 6 times within 3s or after display is shown for 5min, the display will terminate.

Display under test state

Dual 8 nixie tube display: minimum cooling (heating)-P0; middle cooling (heating)-P3

Nominal cooling (heating) -P1; maximum cooling (heating) -P2;

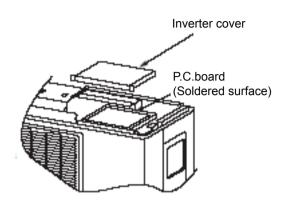
Error Code List

Malfunction Name	Dual-8 Nixie Tube
Malfunction of jumper cap	C5
No feedback from indoor units motor	H6
Circuit malfunction of zero crossing detection	U8
Indoor ambient temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	F1
Indoor evaporator temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	F2
Module temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	P7
Outdoor ambient temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	F3
Outdoor condenser tube temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	F4
Outdoor discharge temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	F5
Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units	E6
Malfunction of phase current circuit detection for compressor	U1
Module temperature protection	P8
Charging malfunction of capacitor	PU
Overload protection of compressor	H3
Freon recovery mode	Fo
Failure start-up of compressor	LC
Discharge high-temperature protection of compressor	E4
Overload protection	E8
Overcurrent protection of the complete unit	E5
Overcurrent protection of phase current	P5
Desynchronizing of compressor	H7
Module current protection (IPM protection)	H5
Low voltage protection of DC bus bar	PL
High voltage protection of DC bus bar	PH
PFC protection	HC
Limit/decrease frequency due to current protection of the complete unit	F8
Limit/decrease frequency due to module current protection (phase current)	En
Limit/decrease frequency due to discharge	F9
Limit/decrease frequency due to freeze protection	FH
Limit/decrease frequency due to overload	F6
Limit/decrease frequency due to module temperature protection	EU
Cold air prevention protection	E9
Freeze protection	E2
Malfunction of ODU DC fan	L3
Malfunction of detecting plate(WIFI)	JF

Note: Please refer to service manual for the troubleshooting procedure for outdoor unit.

Discharging method

(1) remove the inverter cover(Outdoor Unit)



(2)As shown below,connect the discharge resistance(approx.100 Ω 20W)or plug of the sold ering iron to voltage between + - terminals of the electrolytic capacitor on PC Board for 30s, and then performed scharging.

NOTE:

A large-capacity electrolytic capacitor is used in the outdoor unit controller(inverter). Therefore, if the power supply is turned off, charge (charging voltage DC280V to 380V) remains and disc harging takes a lot of time. After turning off the power source, if touching the charging section before discharging, an electrical shock may be caused. Discharge the electrol ytic capacitor completely by using soldering iron, etc.

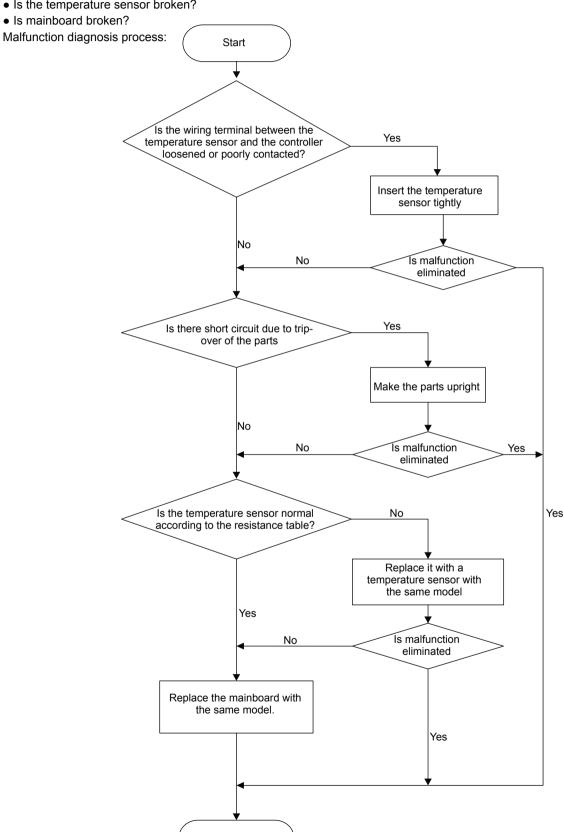
9.2 Procedure of Troubleshooting

Indoor unit

(1) Malfunction of Temperature Sensor F1, F2

Main detection points:

- Is the wiring terminal between the temperature sensor and the controller loosened or poorly contacted?
- Is there short circuit due to trip-over of the parts?
- Is the temperature sensor broken?



Installation and Maintenance 42

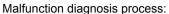
End

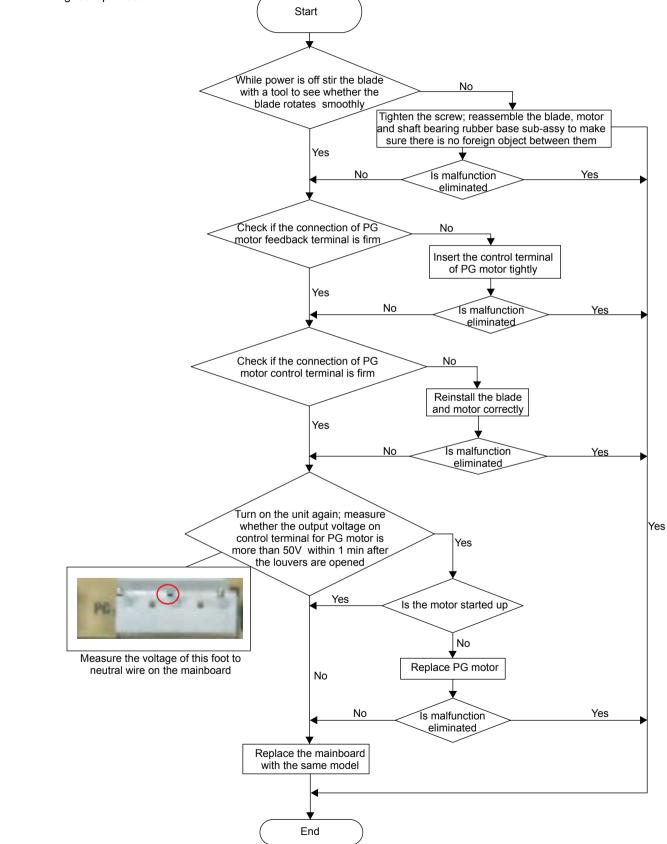
(2) Malfunction of Blocked Protection of IDU Fan Motor H6

Main detection points:

- SmoothlyIs the control terminal of PG motor connected tightly?
- SmoothlyIs the feedback interface of PG motor connected tightly?
- The fan motor cant operate?
- The motor is broken?

• Detectioncircuit of the mainboard is defined abnormal?



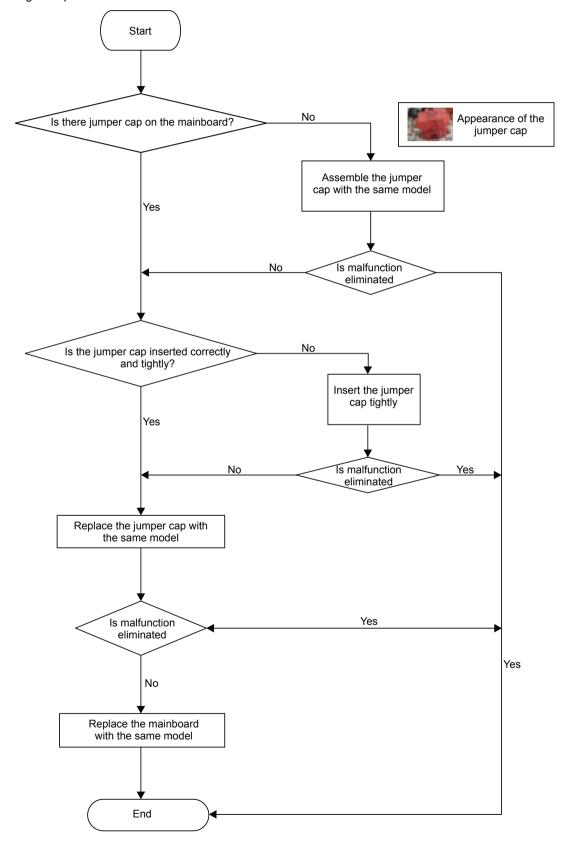


(3) Malfunction of Protection of Jumper Cap C5

Main detection points:

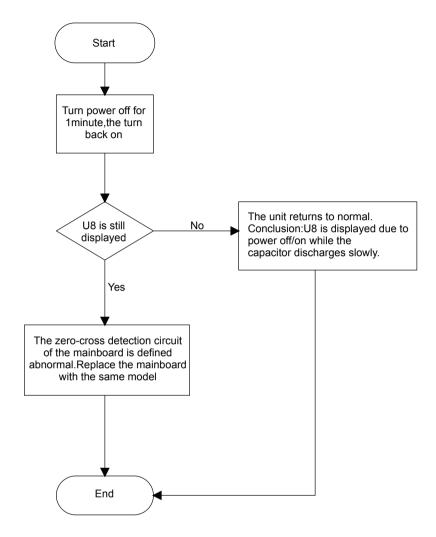
- Is there jumper cap on the mainboard?
- Is the jumper cap inserted correctly and tightly?
- The jumper is broken?
- The motor is broken?
- Detection circuit of the mainboard is defined abnormal?

Malfunction diagnosis process:

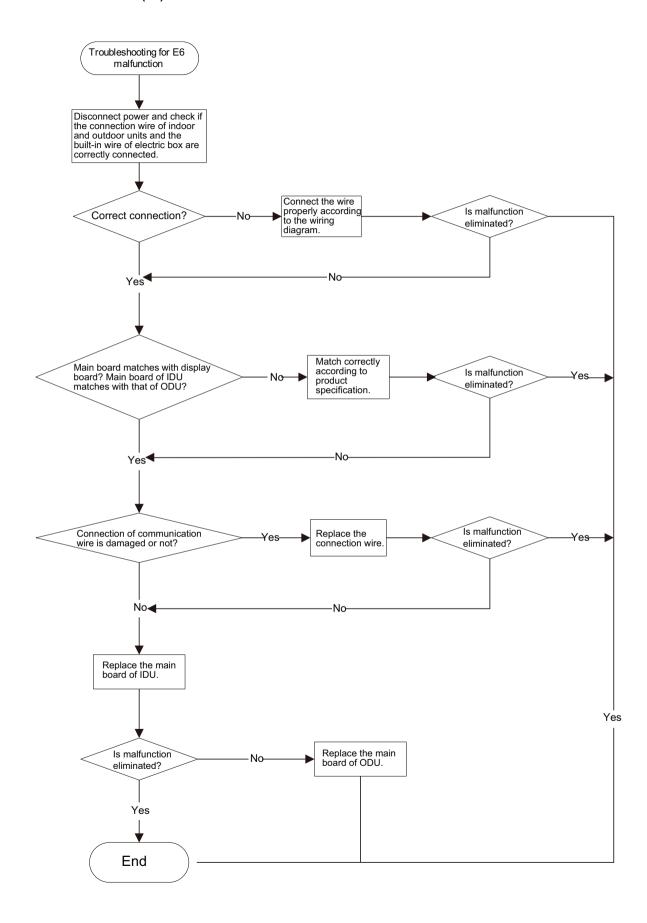


(4) Malfunction of Zero-crossing Inspection Circuit Malfunction of the IDU Fan Motor U8 Main detection points:

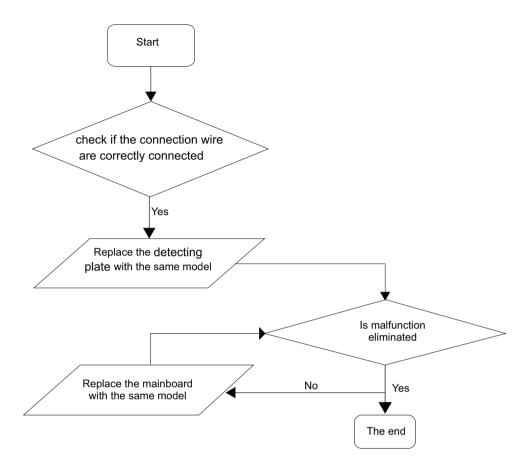
- Instant energization afte de-energization while the capacitordischarges slowly?
- The zero-cross detectioncircuit of the mainboard is defined abnormal? Malfunction diagnosis process:



(5) Communication malfunction (E6)



(6) Malfunction of detecting plate(WIFI) JF



Outdoot Unit

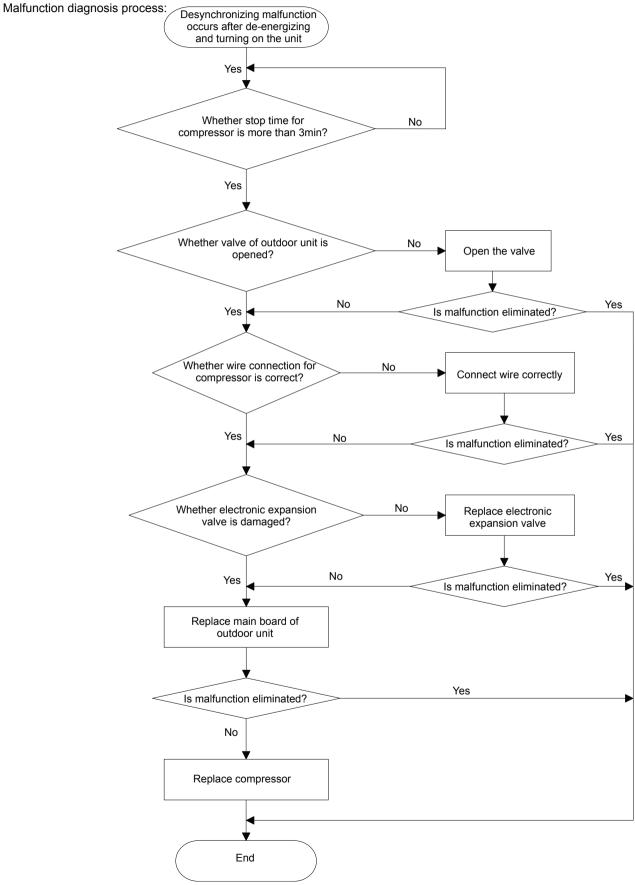
(1) Malfunction of Desynchronizing of Compressor (H7)

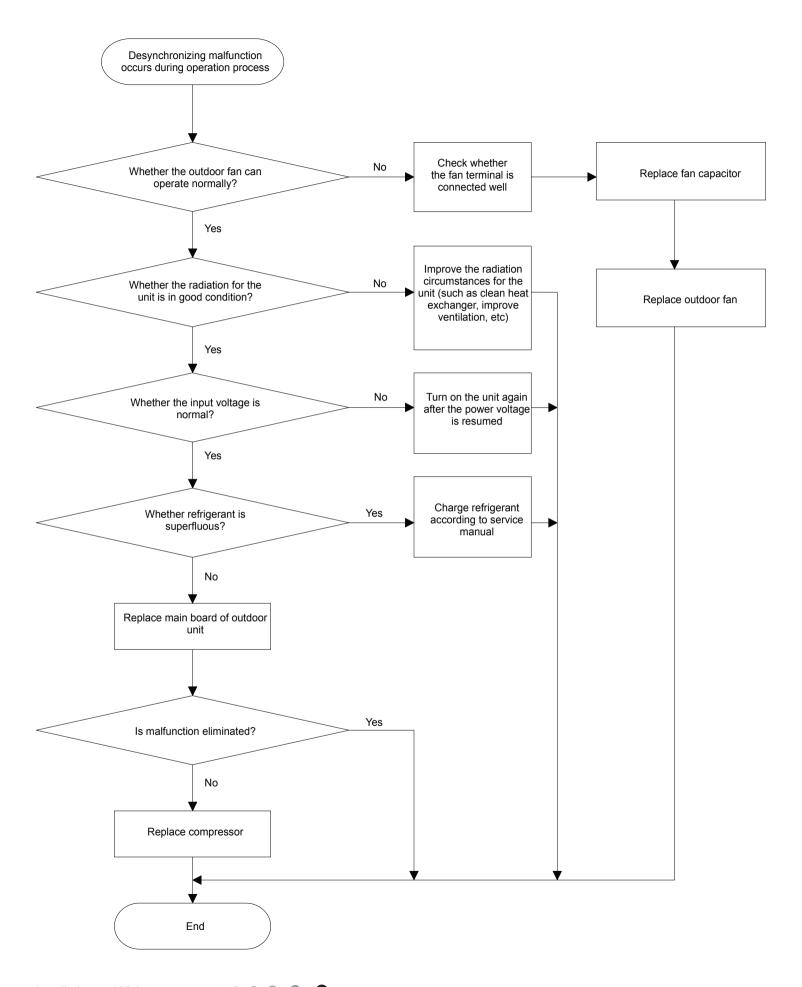
Main check point:

Whether the system pressure is too high?

Whether the electronic expansion valve can work normally?

Whether the radiation for the unit is in good condition?





(2) Malfunction of Temperature Sensor (F3/F4/F5)

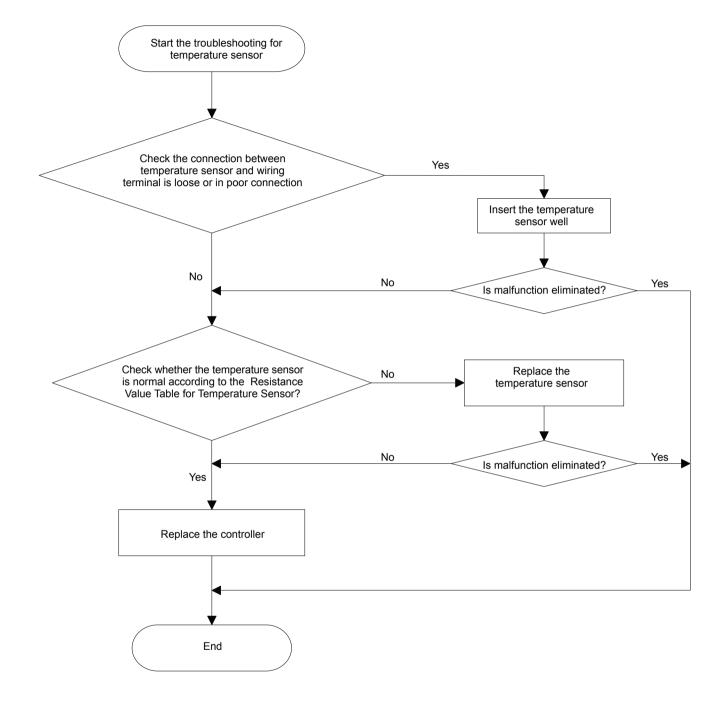
Main check point:

Whether the temperature sensor is damaged?

Whether the terminal of temperature sensor is loose or not connected?

Whether the main board is damaged?

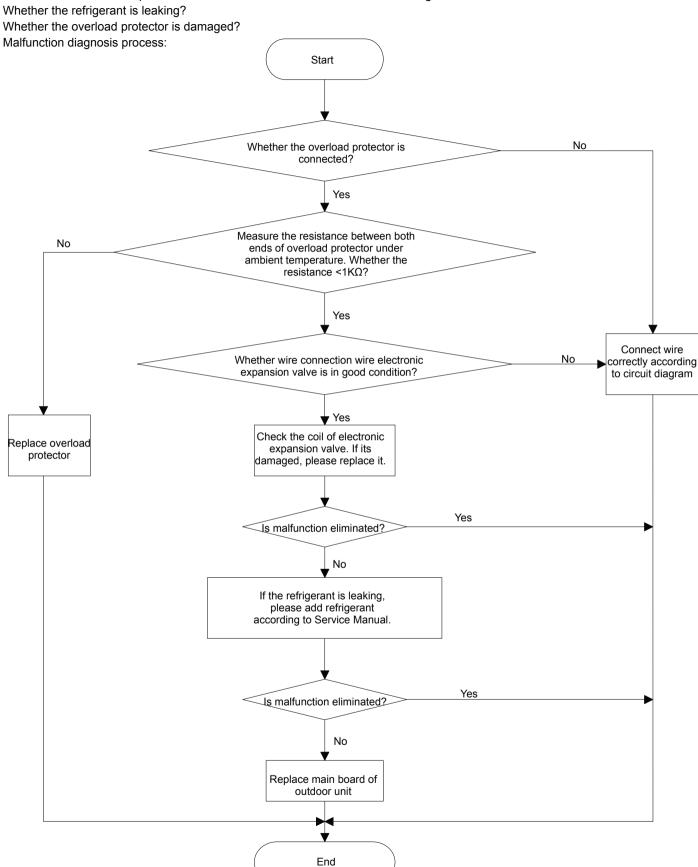
Malfunction diagnosis process:



Remark:

(3) Malfunction of Overload Protection of Compressor (H3) and Discharge High-temperature Protection of Compressor (E4) Main check point:

Whether the electronic expansion valve is connected well and whether its damaged?



Detection method for electronic expansion valve: There are 5 wires for the coil of electronic expansion valve and one of them are common port (the left or the right wire) . The resistance for other terminals are all most the same (about 100Ω). You can measure those resistance values to judge whether the electronic expansion valve is damaged or not.

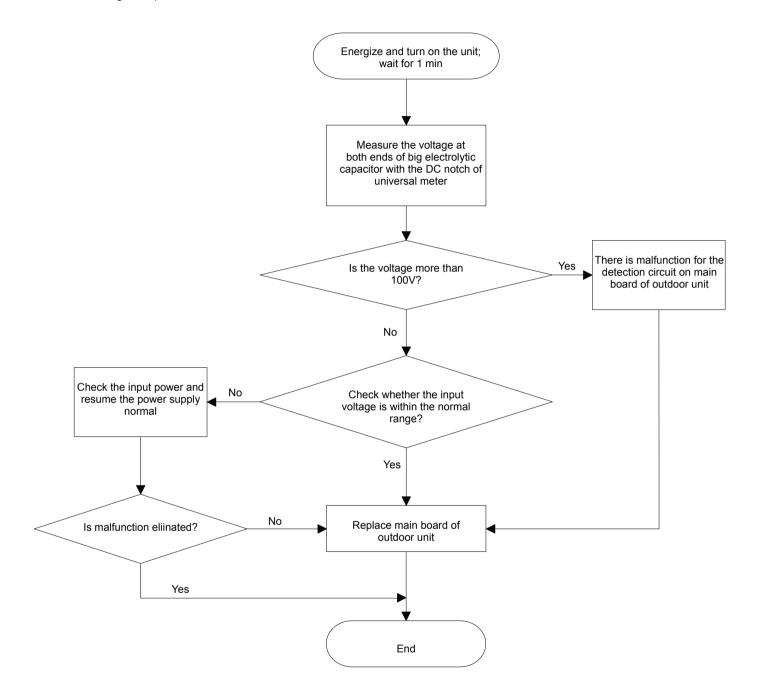
(4) Charging Malfunction of Capacitor (PU)

Main check point:

Whether input power is normal?

Main board is damaged.

Malfunction diagnosis process:



(5) Malfunction of Overload Protection (E8)

Main check point:

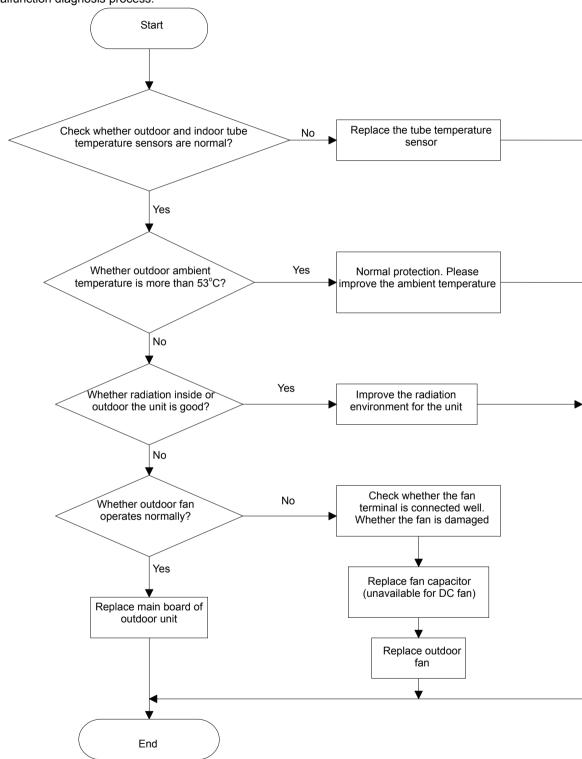
Whether the tube temperature sensor is normal?

Whether the outdoor ambient temperature is within the normal range?

Whether indoor fan and outdoor fan can operate normally?

Whether radiation environment inside or outside the unit is good?

Malfunction diagnosis process:



Remark:

When overload protection occurs under cooling mode, its because the main board detected the outdoor tube temperature sensor exceeds limited temperature and then the unit stops operation. Please check outdoor tube temperature sensor;

When overload protection occurs under heating mode, its because the main board detected the indoor tube temperature sensor exceeds limited temperature and then the unit stops operation. Please check indoor tube temperature sensor;

(6) Malfunction of IPM Protection (H5)

Main check point:

Whether input voltage is within the normal range?

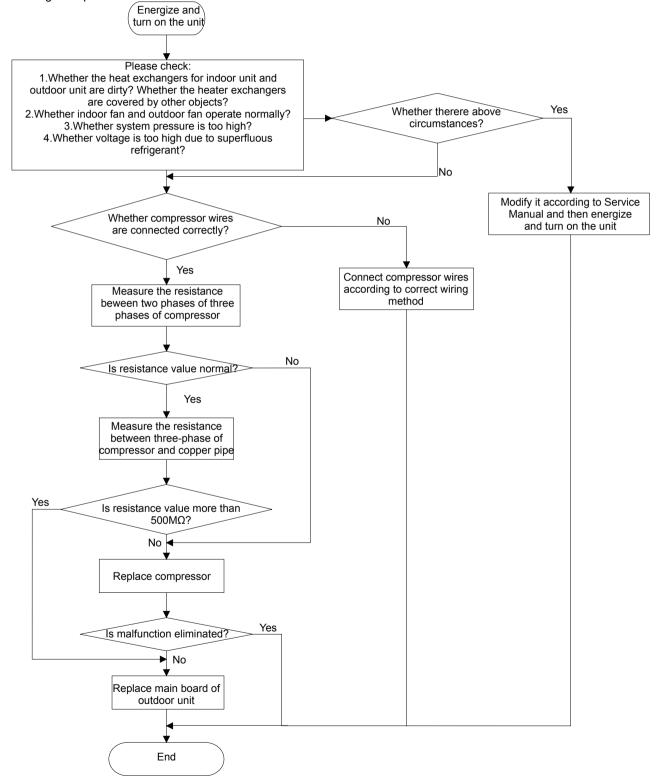
Whether wires of compressor are connected reliably, tightly or correctly?

Whether the resistance of compressor coil is normal? Whether the insulation between compressor coil and copper pipe is in good condition?

Whether the unit is overloading? Whether the radiation for the unit is in good condition?

Whether the volume of charged refrigerant is proper?

Malfunction diagnosis process:

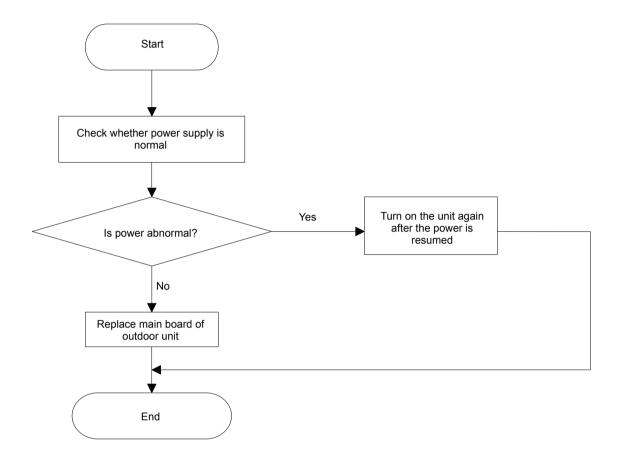


(7) Malfunction of PFC Protection (HC)

Main check point:

Whether power supply is normal?

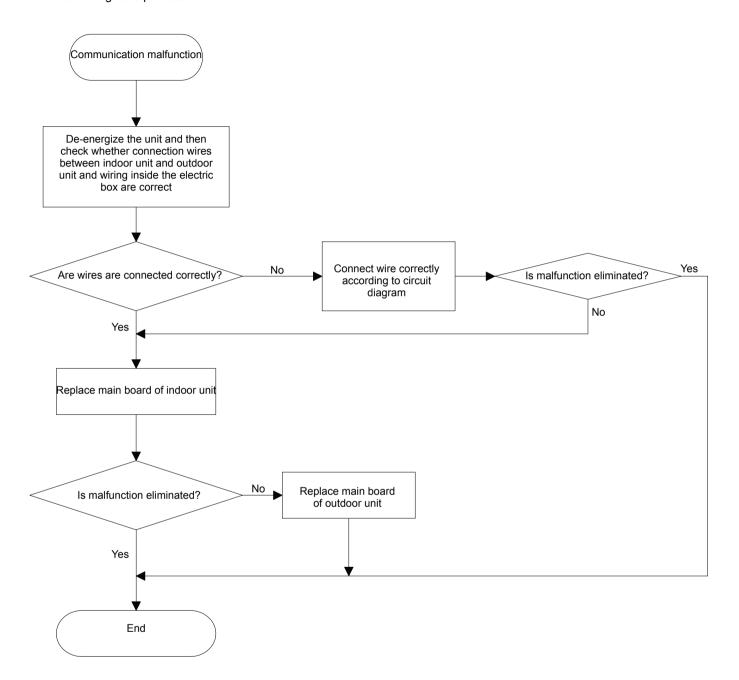
Malfunction diagnosis process:



(8) Malfunction of Communication (E6)

Main check point:

Check whether connection wires between indoor unit and outdoor unit and wiring inside the unit are connected well? Check the main board of indoor unit or main board of outdoor unit is damaged? Malfunction diagnosis process:



(9) Malfunction of Failure Start-up of Compressor (LC)

Main check point:

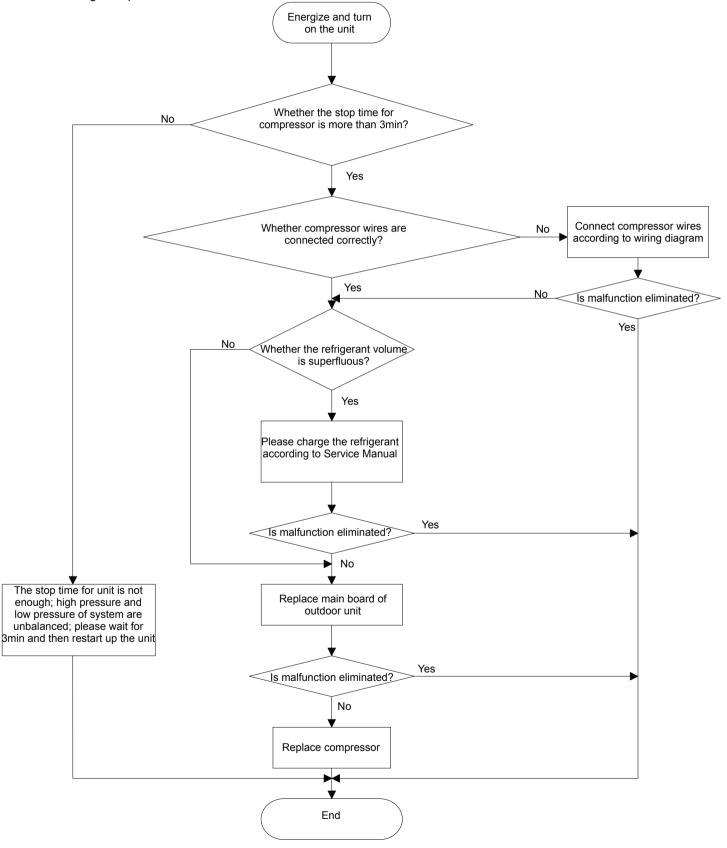
Whether the compressor wires are connected correctly?

Whether the stop time for compressor is enough?

Whether compressor is damaged?

Whether the refrigerant-charging volume is superfluous?

Malfunction diagnosis process:

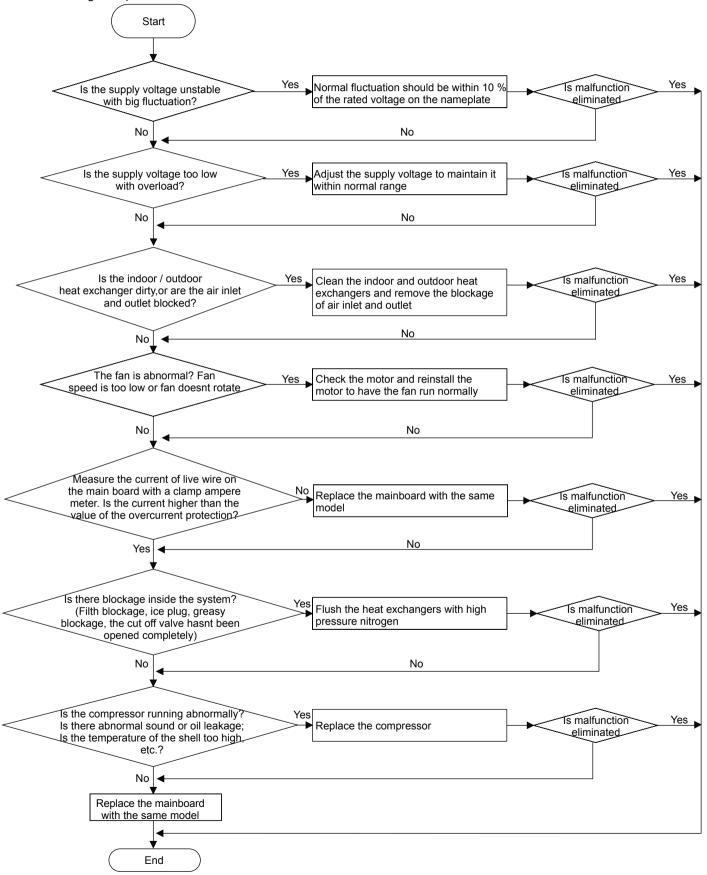


(10) Malfunction of Overcurrent Protection E5

Main detection points:

- Is the supply voltage unstable with big fluctuation?
- Is the supply voltage too low with overload?
- Hardware trouble?

Malfunction diagnosis process:



(11) Other Malfunction

1.IPM module temperature sensor is open-circuited (P7)

Hardware of main board is damaged. Please replace main board.

2. Overheating protection of IPM module (P8)

- 1) Poor radiation because the module radiator is dirty;
- ② IPM module is damaged;
- 3 Malfunction of outdoor fan, etc;

3.Detection circuit malfunctions of phase-current of compressor (U1)

Hardware of main board is damaged. Please replace main board.

4.DC busbar voltage is too high (PH)

- ① Input voltage is too high or unstable;
- 2 Hardware of main board is damaged;

5.DC busbar voltage is too low (PL)

- ① Input voltage is too low or unstable;
- 2 Hardware of main board is damaged;

6.Malfunction of ODU DC fan (L3)

- ① The wire terminal of outdoor fan motor is loosed, fix the terminal.
- 2 Motor damaged, replace the motor.
- ③ Fan motor module on mainboard is damaged, replace the main board AP1

9.3 Troubleshooting for Normal Malfunction

1. Air Conditioner Cant be Started Up

Possible Causes	Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)	Troubleshooting
No power supply, or poor connection for power plug	After energization, operation indicator isnt bright	Confirm whether its due to power failure. If yes, wait for power recovery. If not, check power supply circuit and make sure the power plug is connected well.
Wrong wire connection between indoor unit and outdoor unit, or poor connection for wiring terminals	onder normal power supply circumstances,	Check the circuit according to circuit diagram and connect wires correctly. Make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Electric leakage for all conditioner	After energization, room circuit breaker trips off at once	Make sure the air conditioner is grounded reliably Make sure wires of air conditioner is connected correctly Check the wiring inside air conditioner. Check whether the insulation layer of power cord is damaged; if yes, place the power cord.
Model selection for air switch is improper	After energization, air switch trips off	Select proper air switch
Malfunction of remote controller	while no hishlay on remote controller or hillions	Replace batteries for remote controller Repair or replace remote controller

2. Poor Cooling (Heating) for Air Conditioner

Possible Causes	Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)	Troubleshooting
Set temperature is improper	Observe the set temperature on remote controller	Adjust the set temperature
Rotation speed of the IDU fan motor is set too low	Small wind blow	Set the fan speed at high or medium
Filter of indoor unit is blocked	Check the filter to see its blocked	Clean the filter
	Check whether the installation postion is proper according to installation requirement for air conditioner	Adjust the installation position, and install the rainproof and sunproof for outdoor unit
Refrigerant is leaking	Discharged air temperature during cooling is higher than normal discharged wind temperature; Discharged air temperature during heating is lower than normal discharged wind temperature; Units pressure is much lower than regulated range	Find out the leakage causes and deal with it. Add refrigerant.
Malfunction of 4-way valve	Blow cold wind during heating	Replace the 4-way valve
Malfunction of capillary	Discharged air temperature during cooling is higher than normal discharged wind temperature; Discharged air temperature during heating is lower than normal discharged wind temperature; Unitt pressure is much lower than regulated range. If refrigerant isnt leaking, part of capillary is blocked	Replace the capillary
Flow volume of valve is insufficient	The pressure of valves is much lower than that stated in the specification	Open the valve completely
Malfunction of horizontal louver	Horizontal louver cant swing	Refer to point 3 of maintenance method for details
Malfunction of the IDU fan motor	The IDU fan motor cant operate	Refer to troubleshooting for H6 for maintenance method in details
Malfunction of the ODU fan motor	The ODU fan motor cant operate	Refer to point 4 of maintenance method for details
Malfunction of compressor	Compressor cant operate	Refer to point 5 of maintenance method for details

3. Horizontal Louver Cant Swing

Possible Causes	Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)	Troubleshooting
Wrong wire connection, or poor connection	diagram	Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Stepping motor is damaged	Stepping motor cant operate	Repair or replace stepping motor
Main board is damaged	Others are all normal, while horizontal louver cant operate	Replace the main board with the same model

4. ODU Fan Motor Cant Operate

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
Wrong wire connection, or poor connection		Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Capacity of the ODU fan motor is damaged	Measure the capacity of fan capacitor with an universal meter and find that the capacity is out of the deviation range indicated on the nameplate of fan capacitor.	
Power voltage is a little low or high	Use universal meter to measure the power supply voltage. The voltage is a little high or low	Suggest to equip with voltage regulator
Motor of outdoor unit is damaged	When unit is on, cooling/heating performance is bad and ODU compressor generates a lot of noise and heat.	Change compressor oil and refrigerant. If no better, replace the compressor with a new one

5. Compressor Cant Operate

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
Wrong wire connection, or poor connection	diagram	Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
	Measure the capacity of fan capacitor with an universal meter and find that the capacity is out of the deviation range indicated on the nameplate of fan capacitor.	
Power voltage is a little low or high	Use universal meter to measure the power supply voltage. The voltage is a little high or low	Suggest to equip with voltage regulator
Coil of compressor is burnt out	Use universal meter to measure the resistance between compressor terminals and its 0	Repair or replace compressor
Cylinder of compressor is blocked	Compressor cant operate	Repair or replace compressor

6. Air Conditioner is Leaking

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
Drain nine is blooked	Mater leaking from indeer unit	Eliminate the foreign objects inside the drain
Drain pipe is blocked	Water leaking from indoor unit	pipe
Drain pipe is broken	Water leaking from drain pipe	Replace drain pipe
Wrapping is not tight	Water leaking from the pipe connection place of indoor unit	Wrap it again and bundle it tightly

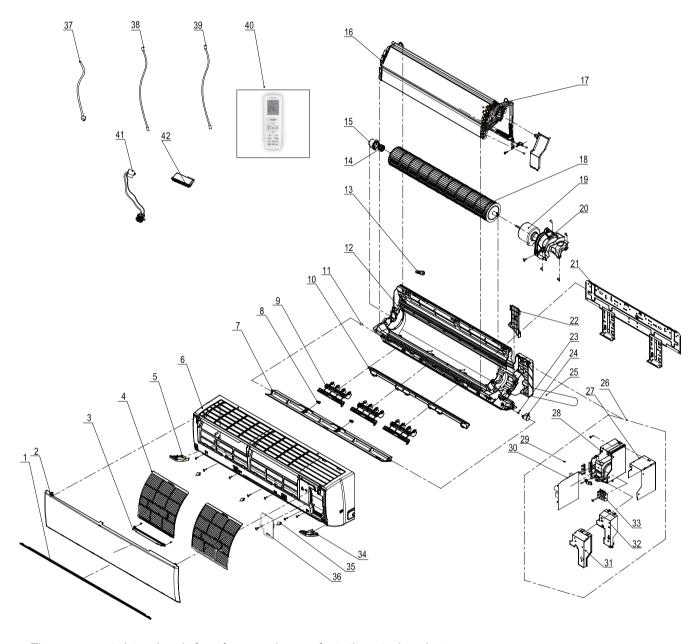
7. Abnormal Sound and Vibration

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
When turn on or turn off the unit, the panel and other parts will expand and theres abnormal sound	II harde tha caling at "DADA"	Normal phenomenon. Abnormal sound will disappear after a few minutes.
When turn on or turn off the unit, theres abnormal sound due to flow of refrigerant inside air conditioner	ivvaier-ninning soung can be neam	Normal phenomenon. Abnormal sound will disappear after a few minutes.
Foreign objects inside the indoor unit or therere parts touching together inside the indoor unit	Theres abnormal sound fro indoor unit	Remove foreign objects. Adjust all parts position of indoor unit, tighten screws and stick damping plaster between connected parts
Foreign objects inside the outdoor unit or therere parts touching together inside the outdoor unit	Theres abnormal sound fro outdoor unit	Remove foreign objects. Adjust all parts position of outdoor unit, tighten screws and stick damping plaster between connected parts
Short circuit inside the magnetic coil	During heating, the way valve has abnormal electromagnetic sound	Replace magnetic coil
Abnormal shake of compressor	CHITAGOR HAIT AIVES OHT ADAORMAL SOHAA	Adjust the support foot mat of compressor, tighten the bolts
Abnormal sound inside the compressor	·	If add too much refrigerant during maintenance, please reduce refrigerant properly. Replace compressor for other circumstances.

10. Exploded View and Parts List

10.1 Indoor Unit

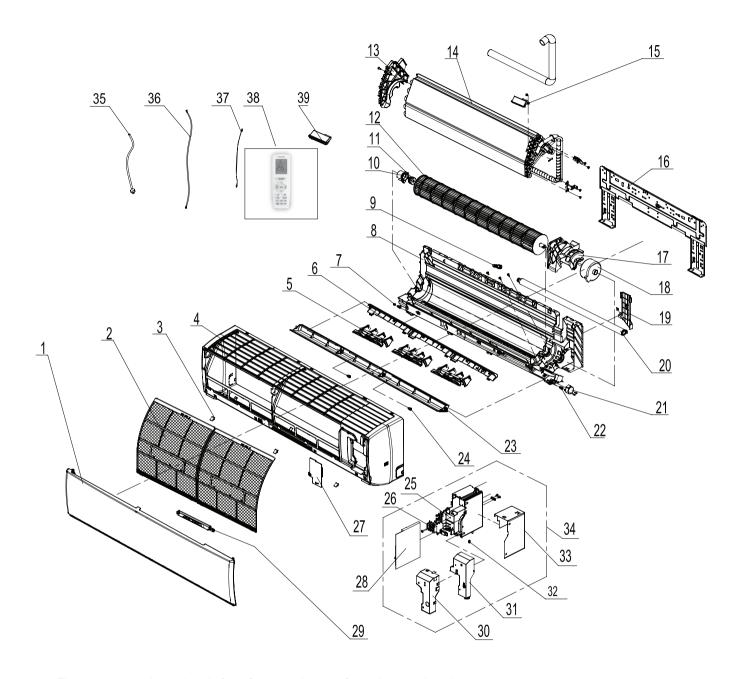
18K



The component picture is only for reference; please refer to the actual product.

NO. Description NBL4-18IDU32 Qty 1 Decorative Strip 20192662 1 2 Front Panel 20000300075T 1 3 Display Board 30565260 1 4 Filter Sub-Assy 11122089 2 5 Decorative Board (Left) 20192662 1 6 Front Case 2002248401 1 7 Guide Louver 1051276501 1 8 Axile Bush 10542036 2 9 Air Louver 1051276501 1 10 Helicoid tongue 26112512 1 11 Left Axile Bush 10512037 1 12 Rear Case assy 22202571 1 13 Rubber Plug (Water Tray) 76712012 1 14 O-Gasket sub-assy of Bearing 7651205102 1 15 Ring of Bearing 26152025 1 16 Evaporator Support 24212177 1 17 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Part Code</th><th></th></td<>			Part Code	
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2 Front Panel 20000300075T 1 3 Display Board 30565260 1 4 Filter Sub-Assy 11122089 2 5 Decorative Board (Left) 20192662 1 6 Front Case 2002248401 1 7 Guide Louver 1051276501 1 8 Axile Bush 10542036 2 9 Air Louver 1051276501 1 10 Helicoid tongue 26112512 1 11 Left Axile Bush 10512037 1 12 Rear Case assy 22202571 1 13 Rubber Plug (Water Tray) 76712012 1 14 O-Gasket sub-assy of Bearing 7651205102 1 15 Ring of Bearing 26152025 1 16 Evaporator Support 24212177 1 17 Evaporator Support 24212177 1 17 Evaporator Support 24212177 1 17		Decorative Strip		<u> </u>
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27 Lower Shield of Electric Box 01592139 1 28 Electric Box 20112211 1 29 Jumper 4202021921 1 30 Main Board 300002000296 1 31 Shield Cover of Electric Box 01592176 1 32 Electric Box Cover 20112209 1 33 Terminal Board 42011233 1 34 Decorative Board (Right) 20192662 1 35 Screw Cover 2425201726 3 36 Electric Box Cover2 20112210 1 37 Power Cord / / 38 Connecting Cable 4002052317 0 39 Connecting Cable / / 40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	26	+	100002003232	1
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30 Main Board 300002000296 1 31 Shield Cover of Electric Box 01592176 1 32 Electric Box Cover 20112209 1 33 Terminal Board 42011233 1 34 Decorative Board (Right) 20192662 1 35 Screw Cover 2425201726 3 36 Electric Box Cover2 20112210 1 37 Power Cord / / 38 Connecting Cable 4002052317 0 39 Connecting Cable / / 40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1		+	4202021921	1
32 Electric Box Cover 20112209 1 33 Terminal Board 42011233 1 34 Decorative Board (Right) 20192662 1 35 Screw Cover 2425201726 3 36 Electric Box Cover2 20112210 1 37 Power Cord / / 38 Connecting Cable 4002052317 0 39 Connecting Cable / / 40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	30	Main Board	300002000296	1
33 Terminal Board 42011233 1 34 Decorative Board (Right) 20192662 1 35 Screw Cover 2425201726 3 36 Electric Box Cover2 20112210 1 37 Power Cord / / 38 Connecting Cable 4002052317 0 39 Connecting Cable / / 40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	31	Shield Cover of Electric Box	01592176	1
34 Decorative Board (Right) 20192662 1 35 Screw Cover 2425201726 3 36 Electric Box Cover2 20112210 1 37 Power Cord / / 38 Connecting Cable 4002052317 0 39 Connecting Cable / / 40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	32	Electric Box Cover	20112209	1
35 Screw Cover 2425201726 3 36 Electric Box Cover2 20112210 1 37 Power Cord / / 38 Connecting Cable 4002052317 0 39 Connecting Cable / / 40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	33	Terminal Board	42011233	1
36 Electric Box Cover2 20112210 1 37 Power Cord / / 38 Connecting Cable 4002052317 0 39 Connecting Cable / / 40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	34	Decorative Board (Right)	20192662	1
37 Power Cord / / 38 Connecting Cable 4002052317 0 39 Connecting Cable / / 40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	35	Screw Cover	2425201726	3
38 Connecting Cable 4002052317 0 39 Connecting Cable / / 40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	36	Electric Box Cover2	20112210	1
39 Connecting Cable / / 40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	37	Power Cord	1	/
39 Connecting Cable / / 40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	38	Connecting Cable	4002052317	0
40 Remote Controller 30510474 1 41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	39	-	1	/
41 Cold Plasma Generator 1114001602 1	40	-	30510474	1
12 Detecting Plate 30110144 1	41	<u> </u>		1
+4 Detecting riate 30110144	42	Detecting Plate	30110144	1

Above data is subject to change without notice.

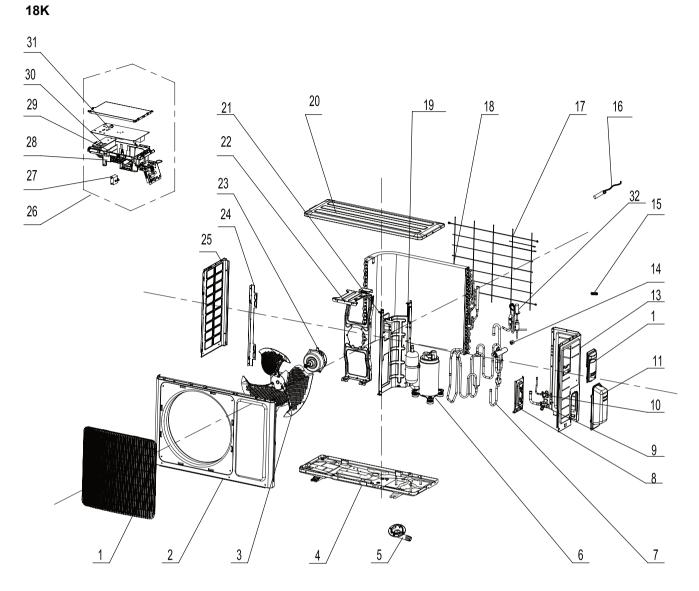


The component picture is only for reference; please refer to the actual product.

		Part Code	
NO.	Description	NBL4-24IDU32	Qty
1	Front Panel Assy	20000300076T	1
2	Filter Sub-Assy	11012007	2
3	Screw Cover	2425245301	3
4	Front Case Assy	00000200043	1
5	Air Louver(Manual)	10512737	3
6	Helicoid Tongue	26112513	1
7	Left Axile Bush	10512037	1
8	Rear Case assy	22202570	1
9	Rubber Plug (Water Tray)	76712012	1
10	Ring of Bearing	26152025	1
11	O-Gasket of Cross Fan Bearing	76512203	1
12	Cross Flow Fan	10352057	1
13	Evaporator Support	24212178	1
14	Evaporator Assy	011001000073	1
15	Cold Plasma Generator	1114001602	1
16	Wall Mounting Frame	01252229	1
17	Motor Press Plate	26112515	1
18	Fan Motor	15012145	1
19	Connecting pipe clamp	26112514	1
20	Drainage Hose	0523001405	1
21	Stepping Motor	1521240212	1
22	Crank	73012005	1
23	Guide Louver	1051232001	1
24	Axile Bush	10542036	2
25	Electric Box	20112211	1
26	Terminal Board	42011233	1
27	Electric Box Cover2	20112210	1
28	Main Board	300002000302	1
29	Display Board	30565260	1
30	Shield cover of Electric Box	01592176	1
31	Electric Box Cover	20112209	1
32	Jumper	4202021925	1
33	Lower Shield of Electric Box	01592139	1
34	Electric Box Assy	100002003178	1
35	Power Cord	1	1
36	Connecting Cable	4002052317	0
37	Temperature Sensor	3900031302	1
38	Remote Controller	30510474	1
39	Detecting Plate	000409000001	1

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10.2 Outdoor Unit

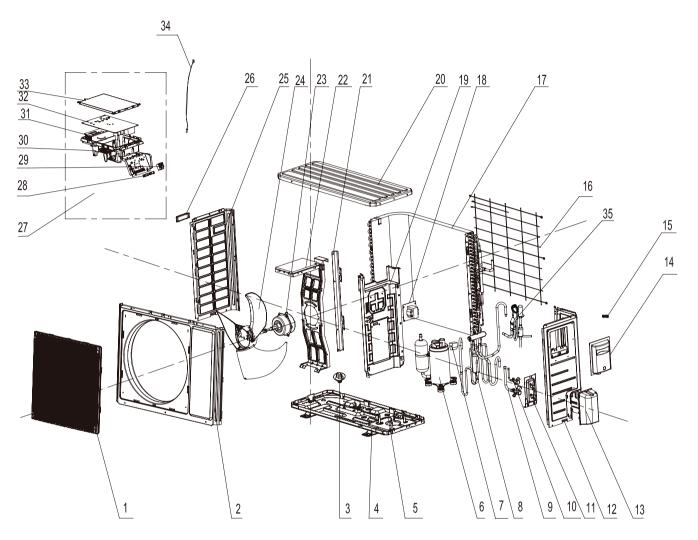


The component picture is only for reference; please refer to the actual product.

	Description	Part Code	
No.	Description	NBL4-18ODU32	Qty
	Product Code	CB476W00200	
1	Front Grill	22413046	1
2	Cabinet	01433034P	1
3	Axial Flow Fan	10333014	1
4	Chassis Sub-assy	01205176P	1
5	Drainage Joint	26113009	1
6	Compressor and Fittings	00103919G	1
7	4-Way Valve Assy	030152000146	1
8	Valve Support Sub-Assy	01713115P	1
9	Cut off Valve Sub-Assy	030057000072	1
10	Cut off Valve Sub-Assy	07133774	1
11	Valve Cover	22243005	1
12	Big Handle	2623343106	1
13	Right Side Plate	0130324403P	1
14	4 Way Valve Coil	4300040087	1
15	Wire Clamp	71010103	1
16	Temperature Sensor	3900030902	1
17	Rear Grill	01473060	1
18	Condenser Assy	011002000417	1
19	Clapboard Sub-Assy	01233168	1
20	Coping	01253034P	1
21	Reactor	1	/
22	Motor Support Sub-Assy	0170339802	1
23	Fan Motor	1501371701	1
24	Condenser Support Plate	01795028	1
25	Left Side Plate	01303169P	1
26	Electric Box Assy	100002001268	1
27	Capacitor CBB61	1	1
28	Electric Box	20113027	1
29	Terminal Board	420101943	1
30	Radiator	49013076	1
31	Main Board	300027000175	1
32	Electric Expansion Valve Sub-Assy	030026000166	1

Above data is subject to change without notice.

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The component picture is only for reference; please refer to the actual product.

		Part Code	
NO.	Description	NBL4-24ODU32	Qty
1	Front Grill	22415010	1
2	Front Panel	01535013P	1
3	Drainage Connecter	06123401	1
4	Chassis Sub-assy	01205816P	1
5	Drainage hole Cap	06813401	3
6	Compressor and fittings	00103920	1
7	Magnet Coil	4300040087	1
8	4-Way Valve Assy	03073274	1
9	Cut off Valve Assy 1/2	07133844	1
10	Cut off Valve Sub-Assy	07133843	1
11	Valve support assy	01705046P	1
12	Right Side Plate	0130509001P	1
13	Valve cover	1	1
14	Handle	26233053	1
15	Wiring Clamp	1	1
16	Rear Grill	01475020	1
17	Condenser Assy	011002000244	1
18	Reactor	1	1
19	Clapboard Assy	01235081	1
20	Coping	012049000007P	1
21	Supporting Board(Condenser)	01795031	1
22	Motor Support Sub-Assy	01705067	1
23	Fan Motor	1501506402	1
24	Axial Flow Fan	10335008	1
25	Left Side Plate	01305093P	1
26	left handle	26233053	1
27	Electric Box Assy	100002001122	1
28	Wire Clamp	71010102	1
29	Terminal Board	420101943	1
30	Electric Box	20113027	1
31	Radiator	49013076	1
32	Main Board	300027000234	1
33	Insulated Board (Cover of Electric Box)	20113003	1
34	Temperature Sensor	3900030902	1
35	Electric Expansion Valve Sub- Assy	030174000049	1

Above data is subject to change without notice.

11. Removal Procedure



(A) Caution: discharge the refrigerant completely before removal.

11.1 Removal Procedure of Indoor Unit

Step		Procedure
1.Remo	ove fifter assy	
	Open the front panel. Push the left and rightfilters to make them break away from thegroove on the front case. Then remove the leftand right filters one by one.	Front panel Left filter Groove Right filter case
2.Remo	ove horizontal louver	
	Push out the axile bush on horizontal louver, Bend the horizontal louver with hand and then separate the horizontal louver from the crank shaft of step motor to remove it.	Horizontal louver Location of step motor
3.Remo	ove panel and display	A1display
	Separate the panel rotation shaft from the groove fixing the front panel and then removes the front panel. Screw off the 2 screws that are locking the display board.	Front panel Panel rotation Groove Screws Screws

Procedure Step 4.Remove electric box cover 2 Remove the screws on the electric box cover 2 and detecting plate(WIFI), then remove the electric box cover 2 and detecting plate(WIFI). Electric box cover2 Note: The position of detection Detecting plate(WIFI) Electric box cover board(WIFI) may be different for different models. Screws 5.Remove front case sub-assy Remove the screws fixing front case. Note: а ① Open the screw caps before removing the screws arround the air outlet. Front case ② The quantity of screws fixing the front sub-assv case sub-assy is different for different Screw-Screw caps models. Loosen the connection clasps between front Clasp b case sub-assy and bottom case. Lift up the front case sub-assy and take it out. Front case sub-assy 6.Remove display Screw off the 2 screws that are locking the display board. Screws

Step **Procedure** 7.Remove vertical louver Vertical louver а Loosen the connection clasps between vertical louver and bottom case to remove vertion louver. **Bottom** Swing motor case b Screw off the screws that are locking the swing motor and take the motor off. Screws Clasps 8. Remove electric box assy Screw Loosen the connection clasps between а shield cover of electric box sub-assy and electric box, and then remove the shield Clasps cover of electric box sub-assy. Remove the screw fixing electric box assy. Electric box Shield cover of electric box sub-assy Indoor tube Electric box assy ① Cut off the wire binder and pull out b temperature sensor the indoor tube temperature sensor. 2 Screw off one grounding screw. Main ③ Remove the wiring terminals of motor board and stepping motor. Grounding 4 Remove the electric box assy. screw Wiring (5) Screw off the screws that are locking terminal of motor each lead wire. Wire binder Wiring <u>t</u>erminal of stepping motor Screw

Step	Pro	cedure
С	Rotate the electric box assy. Twist offthe screwsthat are locking the wire clip and loosen the power cord. Remove the wiring terminal of power cord. Lift up the main board and take it off. Instruction:Some wiring terminal of this products is with lock catch and other	Power cord Wire clip
	devices. The pulling method is as below: ① Remove the soft sheath for some terminals at first, hold the circlip and then pull out the terminals, ② Pull out the holder for some terminals at first(holder is not available for some wiring terminal).hold the connector and then pull the terminal.	Circlip Holder Soft sheath Connector
9.Remo	ove evaporator assy	Screws Evaporator assy
а	Remove 3 screws fixing evaporator assy.	
b	At the back of the unit, remove the screw fixing connection pipe clamp and then remove the connection pipe clamp.	Connection pipe clamp Screw
С	First remove the left side of evaporator from the groove on the rear case assy. Then remove the right side from the clasp on the rear case assy.	Groove Rear case assy Clasp

Step	Prod	cedure
d	Adjust the position of conncetion pipe on evaporator up wards to remove it.	Connection pipe
10.Ren	nove motor and cross flow blade	
а	Remove the screws fixing motor clamp and then remove the motor clamp.	Screws Motor clamp
b	Remove the screws at the connection place of cross flow blade and motor; lift the motor and cross flow blade upwards to remove them. Remove the bearing holder sub-assy. Remove the screw fixing step motor and then remove the step motor.	Holder sub-assy Screws Screws Step motor

18K

11.2 Removal Procedure of Outdoor Unit

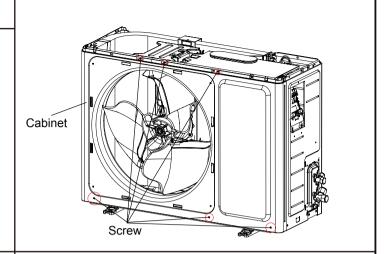
Warning: Be sure to wait for a minimum of 20 minutes after turning off all power supplies and discharge the refrigerant completely before removal.

Step	Procee	dure
1. Rem	ove big handle Remove the screw fixing big handle; slide out the big handle down wards to make the clasp of big handle separate from the groove of right side plate, and then remove the big handle.	Screw Handle Screw Big handle
2. Rem	ove top panel	
	Remove the screws fixing top panel and then remove the top panel.	Screw Top panel Screw
3. Rem	nove front grille	
	Remove connection screws between the front grille and the front panel. Then remove the front grille.	Front grille Screw

Step Procedure

4. Remove cabinet

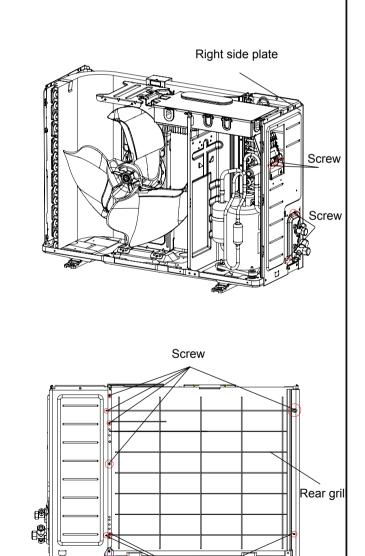
Remove the screws fixing cabinet and then remove the cabinet.



5. Remove right side plate and rear grill

Remove the screws fixing right side plate and then remove the right side plate.

Remove the screws and then remove the grille.

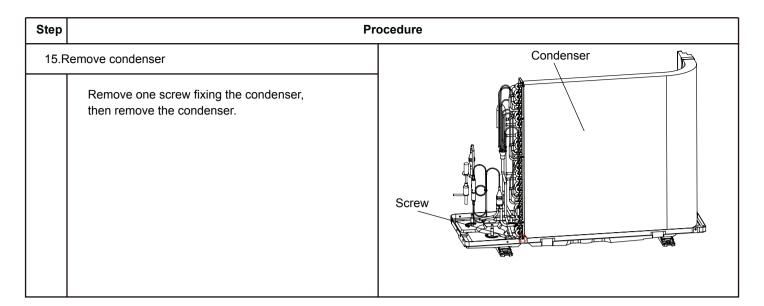


Screw

Step **Procedure** 6. Remove lef side plate Remove the screws fixing left side plate and then remove the letf side plate. Left side plate Screw 7. Remove axial flow blade Axial flow blade Remove the nut fixing axial flow blade and then remove the axial flow blade. Nut 8.Remove electric box assy Screw Electric box assy Remove the screws fixing electric box assy; pull out each wiring terminal; lift the electric box assy upwards to remove it. Note: When pulling out the wiring terminal, pay attention to loose the clasp and dont pull it so hard.

Step **Procedure** 9.Remove motor Remove the screws fixing motor and then remove the motor. Screw Motor 10.Remove motor support Motor support Remove the screws fixing motor support and then remove the motor support. Screw 11.Remove 4-way valve assy Unsolder the spot weld of 4-way valve assy, compressor and condenser, and then remove the 4-way valve assy. -way valve assy Note: When unsoldering the spot weld, wrap the 4-way valve with wet cloth completely to avoid damaging the valve due to high temperature. Spot weld

Step **Procedure** 12.Remove compressor Remove 3 foot nuts on compressor, and then remove the compressor. Foot nuts Note: Protect the ports of discharge pipe and suction pipe to avoid foreign objects to enter it. Compressor 13.Remove clapboard Remove the screws fixing clapboard and Screw then remove the clapboard. Clapboard 14. Remove Valve support sub-assy Screw off the screws that are locking the valve support sub-assy. Then remove it. Foot nuts Screw Valve Support Sub-Assy



Warning: Be sure to wait for a minimum of 20 minutes after turning off all power supplies and discharge the refrigerant completely before removal.

24K

Steps	Pro	ocedure
1. Remo	ve top panel	
а	Twist off the screws used for fixing the handle and valve cover, pull the handle and valve cover up ward to remove it.	handle
b	Remove the 3 screws connecting the top panel with the front panel and the right side plate, and then remove the top panel.	top panel
2. Remov	ve grille , panel and rear grill	
а	Remove the 2 screws connecting the grille and the panel, and then remove the grille.	top panel

Steps	Proced	dure
b	Remove the screws connecting the outer case with motor support, isolation plate and chassis; lift the outer case upwards; loosen the clasps of outer case with right side plate and left side plate, and then remove the outer case.	outer case
3. Rem	nove right&left side plate	
а	Remove the screws connecting the right side plate with electric box assy, valve support, chassis and condenser side plate, and then remove the right side plate.	right side plate
b	Remove the screws connecting the left side plate with chassis, and then remove the left side plate.	left side plate

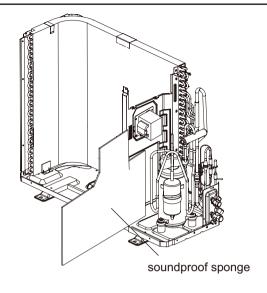
Steps Procedure 4. Remove axial flow blade Remove the nut fixing axial flow blade and then а remove the blade. axial flow fan motor support Remove the 6 screws fixing the motor and then b remove the motor. Remove the 2 screws connecting the motor support and chassis, and then loosen the stopper to remove the motor support. fan motor 5. Remove electric box electric box Remove the screws fixing the electric box sub-assy; loosen the wire bundle; pull out the wiring terminals and then pull the electric box upwards to remove it.

Steps

Procedure

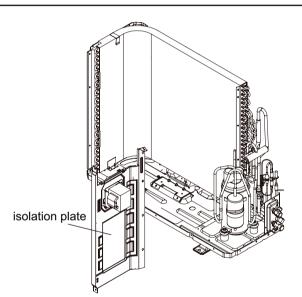
6. Remove the soundproof sponge

Tear off the sticking stripe and then remove the soundproof sponge.



7. Remove isolation plate

Remove the 2 screws connecting the isolation plate and condenser side plate; remove the 3 screws connecting the isolation plate and chassis, and then remove the isolation plate.

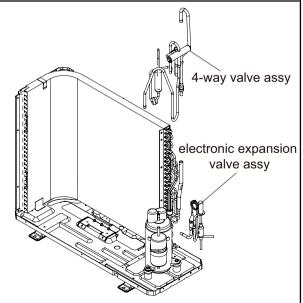


8. Remove 4-way valve assy and electronic expansion valve assy

Unsolder the welding joints connecting electronic expansion valve assy the 4-way valve assy with capillary sub-assy, compressor and condenser; remove the electronic expansion valve assy and 4-way valve.

Note:

Before unsoldering the welding joint, wrap the 4-way valve with a wet cloth completely to avoid damage to the valve caused by high temperature.



Steps Procedure 9. Remove compressor compressor Remove the 3 foot nuts fixing compressor and then lift the compressor upwards to remove the compressor and damping cushion. Note: Keep the ports of discharge pipe and suction pipe from foreign objects. 10. Remove condenser sub-assy support а Remove the screws connecting the support (condenser) and condenser assy, and then remove the support(condenser). condenser sub-assy b Remove the 2 screws fixing the condenser and chassis, and then lift the condenser upwards to remove it. chassis subassy

Appendix:

Appendix 1: Reference Sheet of Celsius and Fahrenheit

Conversion formula for Fahrenheit degree and Celsius degree: Tf=Tcx1.8+32 Set temperature

Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)
61	60.8	16	69/70	69.8	21	78/79	78.8	26
62/63	62.6	17	71/72	71.6	22	80/81	80.6	27
64/65	64.4	18	73/74	73.4	23	82/83	82.4	28
66/67	66.2	19	75/76	75.2	24	84/85	84.2	29
68	68	20	77	77	25	86	86	30

Ambient temperature

Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)
32/33	32	0	55/56	55.4	13	79/80	78.8	26
34/35	33.8	1	57/58	57.2	14	81	80.6	27
36	35.6	2	59/60	59	15	82/83	82.4	28
37/38	37.4	3	61/62	60.8	16	84/85	84.2	29
39/40	39.2	4	63	62.6	17	86/87	86	30
41/42	41	5	64/65	64.4	18	88/89	87.8	31
43/44	42.8	6	66/67	66.2	19	90	89.6	32
45	44.6	7	68/69	68	20	91/92	91.4	33
46/47	46.4	8	70/71	69.8	21	93/94	93.2	34
48/49	48.2	9	72	71.6	22	95/96	95	35
50/51	50	10	73/74	73.4	23	97/98	96.8	36
52/53	51.8	11	75/76	75.2	24	99	98.6	37
54	53.6	12	77/78	77	25			

Appendix 2: Configuration of Connection Pipe

- 1.Standard length of connection pipe
- 5m, 7.5m, 8m.
- 2.Min length of connection pipeFor the unit with standard connection pipe of 5m, there is no limitation for themin length of connection pipe. For the unit with standard connection pipe of 7.5m and 8m, the min length of connection pipe is 3m.
- 3.Max length of connection pipe (More details please refer to the specifications)
- 4. The additional refrigerant oil and refrigerant charging required after prolonging connection pipe
- After the length of connection pipe is prolonged for 10m at the basis of standard length, you should add 5ml of refrigerant oil for each additional 5m of connection pipe.
- The calculation method of additional refrigerant charging amount (on the basis of liquid pipe):
- Basing on the length of standard pipe, add refrigerant according to the requirement as shown in the table. The additional refrigerant charging amount per meter is different according to the diameter of liquid pipe. See Sheet 2.
- Additional refrigerant charging amount = prolonged length of liquid pipe X additional refrigerant charging amount per meter

Additional refrigerant charging amount for R32								
Diameter of con	nection pipe	Indoor unit throttl	Indoor unit throttl Outdoor unit throttle					
Liquid pipe	Gas pipe	Cooling only,cooling and heating(g / m)	Cooling only(g / m)	Cooling and heating(g / m)				
Ф6	Ф9.5 ог Ф12	16	12	16				
Ф6 ог Ф9.5	Ф16 or Ф19	40	12	40				
Ф12	Ф19 or Ф22.2	80	24	96				
Ф16	Ф25.4 ог Ф31.8	136	48	96				
Ф19	Ф19 /		200	200				
Ф22.2	Ф22.2 /		280	280				

Note: The additional refrigerant charging amount in Sheet 2 is recommended value, not compulsory.

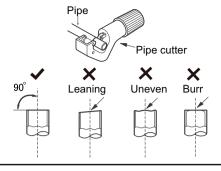
Appendix 3: Pipe Expanding Method

Note: Note:

Improper pipe expanding is the main cause of refrigerant leakage. Please expand the pipe according to the following steps:

A:Cut the pip

- Confirm the pipe length according to the distance of indoor unit and outdoor unit.
- Cut the required pipe with pipe cutter.



B:Remove the burrs

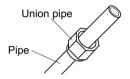
• Remove the burrs with shaper and prevent the burrs from getting into the pipe.

C:Put on suitable insulating pipe



D:Put on the union nut

• Remove the union nut on the indoor connection pipe and outdoor valve; install the union nut on the pipe.



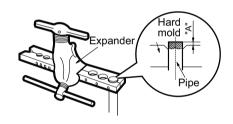
E:Expand the port

• Expand the port with expander.

∧ Note:

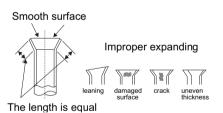
• "A" is different according to the diameter, please refer to the sheet below:

Outer diameter(mm)	A(mm)						
Outer diameter(mm)	Max	Min					
Ф6 - 6.35 (1/4")	1.3	0.7					
Ф9.52 (3/8")	1.6	1.0					
Ф12 - 12.70 (1/2")	1.8	1.0					
Ф16 - 15.88 (5/8")	2.4	2.2					



F:Inspection

• Check the quality of expanding port. If there is any blemish, expand the port again according to the steps above.



Appendix 4: List of Resistance for Temperature Sensor

Resistance Table of Ambient Temperature Sensor for Indoor and Outdoor (15K)

Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-19	138.1	20	18.75	59	3.848	98	1.071
-18	128.6	21	17.93	60	3.711	99	1.039
-17	121.6	22	17.14	61	3.579	100	1.009
-16	115	23	16.39	62	3.454	101	0.98
-15	108.7	24	15.68	63	3.333	102	0.952
-14	102.9	25	15	64	3.217	103	0.925
-13	97.4	26	14.36	65	3.105	104	0.898
-12	92.22	27	13.74	66	2.998	105	0.873
-11	87.35	28	13.16	67	2.896	106	0.848
-10	82.75	29	12.6	68	2.797	107	0.825
-9	78.43	30	12.07	69	2.702	108	0.802
-8	74.35	31	11.57	70	2.611	109	0.779
-7	70.5	32	11.09	71	2.523	110	0.758
-6	66.88	33	10.63	72	2.439	111	0.737
-5	63.46	34	10.2	73	2.358	112	0.717
-4	60.23	35	9.779	74	2.28	113	0.697
-3	57.18	36	9.382	75	2.206	114	0.678
-2	54.31	37	9.003	76	2.133	115	0.66
-1	51.59	38	8.642	77	2.064	116	0.642
0	49.02	39	8.297	78	1.997	117	0.625
1	46.6	40	7.967	79	1.933	118	0.608
2	44.31	41	7.653	80	1.871	119	0.592
3	42.14	42	7.352	81	1.811	120	0.577
4	40.09	43	7.065	82	1.754	121	0.561
5	38.15	44	6.791	83	1.699	122	0.547
6	36.32	45	6.529	84	1.645	123	0.532
7	34.58	46	6.278	85	1.594	124	0.519
8	32.94	47	6.038	86	1.544	125	0.505
9	31.38	48	5.809	87	1.497	126	0.492
10	29.9	49	5.589	88	1.451	127	0.48
11	28.51	50	5.379	89	1.408	128	0.467
12	27.18	51	5.197	90	1.363	129	0.456
13	25.92	52	4.986	91	1.322	130	0.444
14	24.73	53	4.802	92	1.282	131	0.433
15	23.6	54	4.625	93	1.244	132	0.422
16	22.53	55	4.456	94	1.207	133	0.412
17	21.51	56	4.294	95	1.171	134	0.401
18	20.54	57	4.139	96	1.136	135	0.391
19	19.63	58	3.99	97	1.103	136	0.382

Resistance Table of Tube Temperature Sensors for Indoor and Outdoor (20K)

Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)		Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-19	181.4	20	25.01	59	5.13		98	1.427
-18	171.4	21	23.9	60	4.948		99	1.386
-17	162.1	22	22.85	61	1 1		100	1.346
-16	153.3	23	21.85	62	4.605		101	1.307
-15	145	24	20.9	63	4.443		102	1.269
-14	137.2	25	20	64	4.289		103	1.233
-13	129.9	26	19.14	65	4.14		104	1.198
-12	123	27	18.13	66	3.998		105	1.164
-11	116.5	28	17.55	67	3.861		106	1.131
-10	110.3	29	16.8	68	3.729		107	1.099
-9	104.6	30	16.1	69	3.603		108	1.069
-8	99.13	31	15.43	70	3.481		109	1.039
-7	94	32	14.79	71	3.364		110	1.01
-6	89.17	33	14.18	72	3.252		111	0.983
-5	84.61	34	13.59	73	3.144		112	0.956
-4	80.31	35	13.04	74	3.04		113	0.93
-3	76.24	36	12.51	75	2.94		114	0.904
-2	72.41	37	12	76	2.844		115	0.88
-1	68.79	38	11.52	77	2.752		116	0.856
0	65.37	39	11.06	78	2.663		117	0.833
1	62.13	40	10.62	79	2.577		118	0.811
2	59.08	41	10.2	80	2.495		119	0.77
3	56.19	42	9.803	81	2.415		120	0.769
4	53.46	43	9.42	82	2.339		121	0.746
5	50.87	44	9.054	83	2.265		122	0.729
6	48.42	45	8.705	84	2.194		123	0.71
7	46.11	46	8.37	85	2.125		124	0.692
8	43.92	47	8.051	86	2.059		125	0.674
9	41.84	48	7.745	87	1.996		126	0.658
10	39.87	49	7.453	88	1.934		127	0.64
11	38.01	50	7.173	89	1.875		128	0.623
12	36.24	51	6.905	90	1.818		129	0.607
13	34.57	52	6.648	91	1.736		130	0.592
14	32.98	53	6.403	92	1.71		131	0.577
15	31.47	54	6.167	93	1.658		132	0.563
16	30.04	55	5.942	94	1.609		133	0.549
17	28.68	56	5.726	95	1.561		134	0.535
18	27.39	57	5.519	96	1.515		135	0.521
19	26.17	58	5.32	97	1.47		136	0.509

Resistance Table of Discharge Temperature Sensor for Outdoor (50K)

Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-29	853.5	10	98	49	18.34	88	4.75
-28	799.8	11	93.42	50	17.65	89	4.61
-27	750	12	89.07	51	16.99	90	4.47
-26	703.8	13	84.95	52	16.36	91	4.33
-25	660.8	14	81.05	53	15.75	92	4.20
-24	620.8	15	77.35	54	15.17	93	4.08
-23	580.6	16	73.83	55	14.62	94	3.96
-22	548.9	17	70.5	56	14.09	95	3.84
-21	516.6	18	67.34	57	13.58	96	3.73
-20	486.5	19	64.33	58	13.09	97	3.62
-19	458.3	20	61.48	59	12.62	98	3.51
-18	432	21	58.77	60	12.17	99	3.41
-17	407.4	22	56.19	61	11.74	100	3.32
-16	384.5	23	53.74	62	11.32	101	3.22
-15	362.9	24	51.41	63	10.93	102	3.13
-14	342.8	25	49.19	64	10.54	103	3.04
-13	323.9	26	47.08	65	10.18	104	2.96
-12	306.2	27	45.07	66	9.83	105	2.87
-11	289.6	28	43.16	67	9.49	106	2.79
-10	274	29	41.34	68	9.17	107	2.72
-9	259.3	30	39.61	69	8.85	108	2.64
-8	245.6	31	37.96	70	8.56	109	2.57
-7	232.6	32	36.38	71	8.27	110	2.50
-6	220.5	33	34.88	72	7.99	111	2.43
-5	209	34	33.45	73	7.73	112	2.37
-4	198.3	35	32.09	74	7.47	113	2.30
-3	199.1	36	30.79	75	7.22	114	2.24
-2	178.5	37	29.54	76	7.00	115	2.18
-1	169.5	38	28.36	77	6.76	116	2.12
0	161	39	27.23	78	6.54	117	2.07
1	153	40	26.15	79	6.33	118	2.02
2	145.4	41	25.11	80	6.13	119	1.96
3	138.3	42	24.13	81	5.93	120	1.91
4	131.5	43	23.19	82	5.75	121	1.86
5	125.1	44	22.29	83	5.57	122	1.82
6	119.1	45	21.43	84	5.39	123	1.77
7	113.4	46	20.6	85	5.22	124	1.73
8	108	47	19.81	86	5.06	125	1.68
9	102.8	48	19.06	87	4.90	126	1.64

